The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9,446—New Series. BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1879.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow :—

To Subscribers in Bombay —*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
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First insertion	Rs.	5	0
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A line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion ..... 2 As. per Line.
Second do. ..... 1½ „ „
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In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

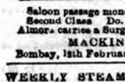
BOMBAY TO LONDON.

MAHRATTA (S.S.) will leave BOMBAY on the 26th February for ADEN, where passengers can transfer at Company's expense to S.S. ALMORA for LONDON.

Saloon passage money ..... Rs. 5-0
Second Class Do. ..... „ 3-0
Almora carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 12th February 1879. Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.



THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government, will despatch the S. S. KILWA, 1,572 Tons, 200 H. P., Commander C. C. THOMSON on SATURDAY, the 1st March 1879, at 5 p.m., calling at Ratnagiry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Coompta, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Masulipatam, Coconada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, Palas Point and at any other place where inducement offers.

Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked fortnightly by the steamers on this line hence or from intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle to the Steamers of the Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes de la France which run regularly.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, VIA KURRACHEE,

Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Contract with Government, will despatch the COCONADA, 862 Tons, 120 H. P., Commander A. MORRIS, on THURSDAY, the 27th February, 1879, at 4 p.m., to the PERSIAN GULF, touching at KURRACHEE, BUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, BUSHEH, and occasionally BAHREIN and MAHOMERAH.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

BI-WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Contract with Government, will despatch Steamers to Kurrachee every THURSDAY at 4 p.m., and every MONDAY at 10 a.m.

The S. S. COCONADA, 862 Tons, 120 H. P., Commander A. MORRIS, will be despatched on THURSDAY, the 27th February 1879, at 4 p.m.

The S. S. AKOLA, 573 Tons, 120 H. P., Commander J. W. STEWART, on MONDAY, the 3rd March 1879, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Pore Bunder, and Dutch Mandvie, both ways.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th, on the 1st *of each Month*,

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY,
(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 250	Rs. 150	Rs. 40	Deck Passengers.
Suez	350	250	80	
Port Said	380	240	90	
Jaffa	400	320	120	
Beyrout	425	320	125	
Cyprus	450	330	130	
Messina	500	340	140	
Naples	500	340	140	
Leghorn	500	340	140	
Genoa	500	340	140	
Marseilles	550	350	145	

Children under 8 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGES to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agents.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY :—
AUSTRALIA, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st March 1879.
RINGAPORE, to sail on THURSDAY, 20th March 1879.
ARABIA, to sail on TUESDAY, 1st April 1879.

Passengers and Cargo are now booked for JAFFA, BEYROUT, AND CYPRUS.

A Steamer of the Company leaves Port Said regularly every Thurs ay which carries the Passengers from Bombay to the above named three Ports.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 a.m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

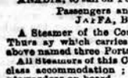
For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

O. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 2, Rumnum Street.

Bombay, Jan.. 1879.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

S. S. SPEKE HALL,
CAPTAIN BRAND, 2,700 Tons Register, 400 H. P.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.



THE above Steamer will sail on the 5th March.

She is one of the latest additions to the Line. Her Saloon and State Rooms are all on Deck.

For passage, &c.
Apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

NOTICE.

ANCHOR LINE OF STEAMERS.

S. S. MACEDONIA,
FOR
MARSEILLES. GENOA, AND NAPLES.

THE above Steamer will sail on WEDNESDAY MORNING at 9 o'clock punctually.

The Company's Steam Tender will leave the Apollo Bunder at 8 a. m.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co, Agents.

ANCHOR LINE OF STEAMERS.

S. S. INDIA,
CAPTAIN GEORGE REID
2,800 Tons. 560 H. P. Nominal.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

THIS Steamer will sail as above on the 15th March.

For passage, &c.
Apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

CLAN LINE STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL AND GLASGOW.

FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS BOOKED AS FOLLOWS:
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL ..... 400 Rupees.
LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY ..... 35 Guineas.

STEAMERS.

	Tons Reg.	N.H.P.		Tons Reg.	N.H.P.
CLAN ALPINE	2,200	250	CLAN LAMONT	2,000	230
CLAN FRASER	2,200	250	CLAN MURRAY	2,200	230
CLAN GORDON	2,200	250	CLAN STUART	2,200	230

THESE STEAMERS will shortly occupy the regular berth, with monthly sailings, increasing to a fortnightly service as the Steamers now being launched are completed.

The "Clan Line" Steamers are built expressly for the Indian trade. The Saloons and State Cabins are on deck and are fitted with every requisite for comfort in tropical as well as in cold climates. Each steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess

For Freight and Passage apply to
FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Bombay.

NOTICE.—ANCHOR LINE, INDIAN SERVICE.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO, per S. S. INDIA, are hereby informed of the Steamer's ARRIVAL from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, and are requested to present their BILLS of LADING and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS without delay.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched for EUROPE :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1879.
— VENETIA	2726	450	C. G. Ferrins	3rd March
(s) MALWA	2933	450	P. S. Tomlin	17th do.
— SUMATRA	2488	450	W. A. Seaton	17th do.
(s) MIRZAPORE	2763	500	A. Parish	24th do.
— OATHAY	2982	450	R. T. Dundas	31st do.
(s) NEPAUL	3636	600	J. S. Murray	7th April.
— TRAVANCORE	1900	350	W. Barratt	14th do.
(s) HYDASPES	2984	450	D. Reynoldson	21st do.
— BANGALORE	1063	500	E. G. Stead	28th do.
(s) BOKHARA	2932	450	J. Orman	4th May.
— THIBET	2593	400	J. H. Torbock	12th do.
(s) SURAT	3141	530	W. E. Breese	19th do.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Ancona, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 8 p.m. on the day of sailing.
For Passage, &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Bombay, 8th February 1879. Superintendent.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
KHIVA	2602	450	G. Lee	4th March 1879.
NIZAM	3725	450	A. R. Barlow	18th March.
GWALIOR	3725	450	J. C. Esbot	1st April.
LOMBARDY	3723	450	W. B. Hall	16th do.
TEHERAN	3589	400	A. H. Johnson	28th do.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at 8 p.m. on the day of sailing.
For Passage, &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Bombay, 8th February 1879. Superintendent.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE AND COLOMBO.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
TANJORE	2263	450	W. W. Fentiman	29th Feb. 1879
SIAM	3014	500	G. N. Hector	2nd March.
ASSAM	3033	500	N. Stewart	25th April.
TANJORE	2263	450	W. W. Fentiman	3rd May.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at p.m. on the day of sailing.
For Passage, &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Bombay, 8th February 1879. Superintendent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.

A TELEGRAPH OFFICE will be OPENED at MATHERAN and at MAHABLESHWUR from the 1st April.

H. IZAAK WALTON,
Superintendent, Bombay Division.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—NOTICE.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the MEMBERS of the CHAMBER of COMMERCE will be held on TUESDAY, the 4th of March 1879, at 4 o'clock p.m., when the Customs Tariff valuations, proposed by the Special Committee, will be submitted for confirmation, and the opinion of the Chamber taken on suggestions relating to the Tariff generally.

The question of the appointment of Honorary Members of the Chamber will also be brought before the Meeting.

By order of the Committee,

J. GORDON.
Secretary.

Bombay Chamber of Commerce, 25th February 1879.

VIENNA BEER.

IMPORTED DIRECT FROM THE BREWERY IN SPLENDID CONDITION.

	Cash.
Per doz. Quarts	Rs. 6-8
Per doz. Pints	„ 4-4

TREACHER & CO. (LIMITED).

THE MOST AGREEABLE PAPER FOR POSTAL CORRESPONDENCE IS DE LA RUE & Co.'s EXTRA SUPERFINE WATER-LINED NOTE PAPER.

Price, per Packet of 5 quires.

With OBLONG Envelopes. Cash Rs. 2-6 ; Credit, Rs. 2-12.
With SQUARE Envelopes. Cash, Rs. 2-10 ; Credit Rs. 3-0.

EVERY ONE CAN USE IT,
AND ALL WHO DO ARE PLEASED WITH IT.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

FISHING TACKLE

SPECIALLY MANUFACTURED FOR INDIA.

BAITING NEEDLES.
CLEARING RINGS.
DISGORGERS.
FLIES, Artificial.
FLOATS Cork and Quill.
GAFF HOOKS.
GIMP and GIMP TRACES.
GUT, Salmon and Trout.
GUT CASTING LINES, single, double, and treble.
GUT TRACES, single and double.
HOOKS, single and treble, loose, and on gut.
HOOKS on GIMP, single, double and treble.
LEAD SINKERS.
LINES, Plaited Silk, Water proof Silk, and Twisted Silk and Hair.
PHANTOM MINNOWS and Artificial Fish.
REELS with secret checks.
RINGS and KEEPERS.
RODS, Fly, General, Salmon and Trolling.
SHOT CUTTERS and Pliers.
SILK for binding and mounting.
SPUN BAITS.
SWIVELS, assorted.

Detailed Price Lists upon application.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THE NEW REMEDY FOR
INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA.

LACTOPEPTINE,

a composition of PTYALINE, PEPSINE, PANCREATINE, HYDROCHLORIC, and LACTIC ACIDS presented in an agreeable SACCHARATED form.

It is palatable and easy of administration, has DIGESTIVE POWER SEVEN TIMES GREATER THAN THAT OF PEPSINE, and contains all the agents of digestion that act upon food, from mastication to its conversion into chyle.

	Cash.	Credit.
Original bottles, with measure and directions for use	Rs. 3 0	Rs. 3 8

SOLE AGENTS :
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

POLO. POLO.

Canes with ash heads	each	Rs. 2 8
Do. boxwood heads	„	„ 3 8
Balls	per dozen.	„ 6 12

Less 10 per cent. discount for cash.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

ARTISTS' COLOURS AND MATERIALS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
MANUFACTURED BY WINSOR & NEWTON,
On sale by their appointed Agents.
TREACHER AND CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.
Illustrated Catalogues free upon application.

LIFE ASSURANCE IS A DUTY.

INTENDING ASSURERS
BEFORE DECIDING WHERE THEY WILL INSURE

SHOULD compare the Rates and Terms of the leading Offices.

A comparative Table will be supplied on application to

MACFARLANE AND GILBERT, SOLICITORS,
RAMPART ROW,
Bombay Agents of the
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAMMOTH PAVILION, ESPLANADE.

PROPRIETORS—MESSRS. NORTON, HENNICKE, AND KING.

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT
FOR A FEW NIGHTS LONGER OF
PROFESSOR HENNICKE
AND THE
FAMOUS MERRY-MAKERS.

GRAND MID-DAY MATINEE,
THIS DAY,
FOR SCHOOLS, FAMILIES AND CHILDREN.

Commencing precisely at 3-30.

EVENING PERFORMANCE AS USUAL.

REDUCED PRICES.
First Class ..... Rs. 2 | Second Class ..... Re. 1
Third „ ..... As. 8 | Fourth „ ..... As. 4
Reserved seats at SOUNDY and Co.
Doors open at 8 ; commence at 9.

FATIMA,
THE LATEST LONDON SENSATION,
ON EXHIBITION FROM 6 TILL 9 P.M.
and during interval of the Merry-Makers Performance.
ADMISSION—ANNAS 4.

NOTICE.—Under new management, the LONDON TIFFIN ROOM, Hornby Row. The Licence for this Refreshment Room has been bought and transferred from the late owner to Mrs. SANDBERG.

THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the MEMBERS of the BOMBAY CLUB will be held in the Club House, THIS EVENING, at half past 5 o'clock.

H. R. CORMACK,
Bombay Club, 26th February 1879. Honorary Secretary.

BOMBAY RACES, 1879.

SETTLING DAYS—For *Losers* on SATURDAY, the 1st proximo, at 5 p. m. For *Winners* on TUESDAY, the 3rd proximo, at 5-30 p. m. Settling will take place at the Stewards' Stand, Byculla.

Subscribers to the Bombay Races who have not paid their Subscriptions are requested to be so kind as to send the amounts to the undersigned.

G. F. BEVILLE, Lieut.-Colonel,
Honorary Secretary

24th February, 1879.

BOMBAY ART EXHIBITION.

NOTICE.

MEMBERS of the GENERAL COMMITTEE of the ART EXHIBITION are requested to MEET at the School of Art not later than 4 o'clock p. m. on THURSDAY, the 27th instant, for the purpose of receiving HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR previous to the OPENING of the EXHIBITION to the PUBLIC.

G. W. TERRY,
RIENZI WALTON,
RAGOONATH NARAYEN KHOTE,
ARDASEER FRAMJEE MOOS.
Honorary Joint Secretaries.

Bombay, 25th February 1879.

NOTICE.

CARRIAGES should ENTER the COMPOUND of the SCHOOL of ART by the SOUTH EAST GATE, Crawford Market Road, and should LEAVE by the NORTH GATE.

No Carriages will be allowed to enter unless the occupants produce their Tickets to the Police at the Gates.

The Police are entrusted with the supervision of the Carriage arrangements.

G. W. TERRY,
RIENZI WALTON,
RAGOONATH NARAYEN KHOTE,
ARDASEER FRAMJEE MOOS,
Honorary Joint Secretaries.

Bombay, 25th February 1879.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 83 OF 1878.

SHAIK AHMED MAKHA, of Bombay, Mahomedan inhabitant, residing in New Cazee Street, outside the Fort ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

MICHAEL DE LIMA E SOUZA, lately residing at Grant Road, and MARIA THERESSIN DE LIMA E SOUZA, widow, and HENRICA JOANA DE LIMA E SOUZA, JOSEPH DE LIMA E SOUZA, MATHILDA DE LIMA E SOUZA, HUGH NA DE LIMA E SOUZA, THEODORE DE LIMA E SOUZA, EDWARD JOSEPH DE LIMA E SOUZA, MARIA THERIZA DE LIMA E SOUZA, TERPHUNA DE LIMA E SOUZA, all infants, daughters and sons and next of kin of the late Joseph de Lima e Souza, by their guardian *ad litem* the said Maria Theresin de Lima e Souza, respectively residing at the Grant Road aforesaid, outside the Fort ..... Defendants.

WHEREAS by a Decree made in the above suit on the 26th day of March 1878, it was ordered, amongst other things, that the first Defendant in his personal character and the other Defendants as widow, daughters, and sons and next of kin of the late Joseph de Lima e Souza, do pay to the Plaintiff, on or before the 26th day of September 1878, the sum of Rupees twenty-three thousand five hundred and fifty-seven, annas thirteen and pie one for debt and interest, and the sum of Rupees five hundred and forty-one and annas ten for costs, and further simple interest at the rate of 9½ per cent. per annum upon the sum of Rupees twenty-two thousand from the date thereof until payment, and in default of the said Defendants paying to the Plaintiff the said amount of principal, interest and costs as aforesaid by the time aforesaid, the Sheriff of Bombay was directed to sell the lands and premises in the said decree mentioned ; that is to say :—All that piece of Foras land or vacant ground with the buildings standing thereon, situate at DeLisle Road, near Chinchpoogly, in the sub-district of Mandvie, in the Island of Bombay, and abutting on the west side of DeLisle Road, containing by admeasurement six thousand and five square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by the DeLisle Road, on the west by the vacant ground of Rachel de Souza and Beatriz de Souza, on the north by the house of Tookaram Bapoojee, Foras Tank and the vacant ground of Tejpall Khetsey, and on the south by the vacant ground of Pranjeon Armopdass, which said piece of vacant ground is numbered 410 in the Foras Land Commissioner's map and assessment book, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 298, then in the occupation of Michael de Lima e Souza and Joseph de Lima e Souza, situate within the jurisdiction of this Honourable Court. The annual revenue payable to Government is Re. 1-7-7, and whereas default has been made by the said Defendants in such payment as aforesaid.

NOW IT IS HEREBY PROCLAIMED and NOTIFIED that on SATURDAY, the 29th day of March 1879, at the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the Sheriff of Bombay will, under and by virtue of the said decree, put up FOR SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION on the premises, to the highest bidder, and without reserve, the right, title and interest of the said Plaintiff and Defendants in the said lands and premises.

Intimation is given that the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises nor the title of the said Defendants to the same or to any interest therein.

Should the said Defendants have no saleable interest whatever in any lot to be sold in accordance with this Proclamation any sum paid by the purchaser by way of full or part payment for the same will be repayable to the purchaser.

The above mentioned Plaintiff has obtained permission to bid at the sale.

Of the price of each lot one-fourth shall be paid forthwith when the lot is knocked down to a purchaser other than the Plaintiff ; the remainder of the purchase money must be paid in each case by the purchaser other than the Plaintiff to the Sheriff on or before the fifteenth day after the sale.

The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.

In default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed, any sum paid as deposit will be forfeited to the Government and the lot will be sold free from any interest therein or in the proceeds thereof of the prior purchaser.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff —Dated this 25th day of February 1879.

ATMARAM PANDURANG,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Messrs. RIMINGTON, HORE, and CONROY,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1 ; each succeeding line 8 As. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

TO BE LET, for six months, a large and hand omely FURNISHED BUNGALOW on Malabar Hill. Rent Rs. 200 a month. Apply to J., *Bombay Gazette* Office.

TO BE SOLD, BAROUCHE and Pair of GREY ARAB HORSES, with HARNESS, &c., complete. Price Rs. 1,800. Apply to X., *Bombay Gazette* Office.

FOUND, at MATHERAN, a GOLD MOHUR. Apply to B. B., care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

WANTED CONTRACTORS for the Manufacture of our PATENT REFLECTOR LAMPS. B. & Co., 2 Meadow Street, Fort.

WANTED, a situation as LADY'S or NURSERY MAID by a young English woman. Apply M. M., *Bombay Gazette* Office.

WANTED, a NATIVE OVERSEER ; one accustomed to deal with Coolies and who understands English and Gunzatee, for an up-country station. Salary Rs. 25 per month, increasing to 30. Apply to X, care of *Bombay Gazette*.

PROFESSOR P. PETERSON, Registrar Bombay University, will Lecture on THURSDAY, the 27th February, at 5-30 p.m ; on "A Study of Words," at the Sassoon Mechanics' Institute. ADMISSION—FREE.

LODGE "CALEDONIA" 490 S. C.—The Regular Meeting appointed for this evening is POSTPONED to THURSDAY, 6th March.

FRESH HAMS at 14 As. per lb, or on cut at Re. 1-2 per lb. ; Double Gloster Cheese and Breakfast Bacon on cut at 14 As. per lb. Apply to W. J. ESSAI.

MAHABLESHWAR—TO LET, for the Hot Season, MEANEE LODGE. For particulars apply to Mr. McDONALD, Scottish Schools, Byculla.

RED PICKLING and other CABBAGES, SALADS, ENGLISH FLOWERS, &c. SELLING CHEAP at the Tanna Jail Gardens.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1879. Price Rs. 5 ; with postage Rs. 5-2. *Bombay Gazette* Office.

INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLER'S GUIDE, showing every Railway Station on the Indian Lines, with Tables of Fares, and other information required by travellers, with a Coloured Map of India. Published monthly at the *Bombay Gazette* Office. Price As. 8.

HAM AND BACON (the latter in cut) just received. 14 Annas per lb. J. PEARSE, 23, Apollo Street.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,

IMPORTERS OF TABLE PLATE AND CUTLERY, GLASS AND CROCKERY WARE, AND HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

ESTABLISHED FOR HALF A CENTURY.

TABLE PLATE.

Fiddle Pattern. Cash.	Credit.			Beaded, Lily, or Thread Pattern. Cash.	Credit.
Rs. a.	Rs. a.			Rs. a.	Rs. a.
27 0	30 0	Table Forks or Spoons, full size	Per dozen	36 0	40 0
20 0	22 8	Dessert Forks do. do.	„	27 0	30 0
12 8	14 0	Tea Spoons do. do.	„	16 8	18 0
12 8	14 0	Egg or Salt Spoons, gilt bowls	„	18 0	20 0
1 2	1 4	Mustard Spoons do.	Each	1 8	1 12
0 14	1 0	Caddy Spoons	„	1 4	1 8
1 4	1 8	Sugar Spoons	„	1 8	1 12
2 4	2 8	Sugar Tongs	„	3 0	3 8
9 0	10 0	Ice Claws (Scissor shaped)	„	9 8	10 8
4 8	5 0	Ice Tongs	„	5 8	6 0
2 4	2 8	Butter Knives	„	3 0	3 8
2 4	2 8	Pickle or Oyster Forks	„	2 8	3 0
2 4	2 8	Toddy Ladles	„	3 0	3 8
2 4	2 8	Sauce do.	„	3 0	3 8
7 0	8 0	Soup do.	„	9 0	10 0
4 8	5 0	Gravy Spoons	„	5 8	6 0
3 0	3 8	Marrow Spoons	„	3 8	4 0
4 0	4 8	Chatni Spoons	„	4 8	5 0
5 0	5 8	Sardine Tongs	„	5 8	6 0
3 0	3 8	Knife Rests	Per pair	3 8	4 0
14 8	16 0	Fish Helpers	„	16 0	18 0
		Spring Slide Pickle Prongs, in Ivory handle	Each	6 0	6 8

TABLE CUTLERY.

	A Quality. Cash.	A Quality. Credit.	B Quality. Cash.	B Quality. Credit.	C Quality. Cash.	C Quality. Credit.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Table Knives, full size ..... Per doz.	30 0	34 0	25 0	28 0	20 0	22 8
Table Knives, second (dessert) size ..... „	25 0	28 0	20 0	22 8	17 0	19 0
Meat Carvers ..... Per pair	10 8	11 8	8 0	9 0	7 0	8 0
Game Carvers ..... „	10 8	11 8	8 0	9 0	7 0	8 0
Steel Sharpeners ..... Each	4 8	5 0	3 8	4 0	2 8	3 0
COMPLETE SETS, as above	80 8	90 0	64 8	72 8	53 8	60 8
Wheel Knife Sharpeners			5 0	5 8	4 0	4 8

NAPKIN RINGS

OF FINEST AFRICAN IVORY, BEVELLED EDGES AND NUMBERED 1 TO 6.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Set of six, 1¼ by 1 inch	12 0	13 8
Set of six, 1½ by 1 inch	13 8	15 0
Set of six, 1½ or 2 by 1½ inch	16 0	18 0

☞ Priced Lists or information of the Company's extensive Stock of GLASS and CROCKERY WARE and HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES of every description can be had upon application.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

KNIGHT, BEVAN, AND STURGE'S CELEBRATED
LONDON PORTLAND CEMENT.
SOLE AGENTS,
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & CO.

THE HIMALAYA SUN HAT FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

DOUBLE FRENCH GREY FELTS, LIGHTER AND FAR BETTER THAN ANDRÉ'S TERAI.

CASH PRICE RS. 14-8.

MEIFFRE, NEVEU & CO.,

BOMBAY,
SOLE IMPORTERS IN INDIA.

OPENED THIS DAY,

THE NEW OUTFITTING ESTABLISHMENT,
UNDER THE PERSONAL MANAGEMENT OF
J. F. HOAR,
(Late of the Firm of Asquith and Company,)
3, RAMPART ROW,
OLD P. & O. OFFICE.

HOAR AND COMPANY

RESPECTFULLY solicit inspection to their Large and Choice Stock. Most of the Goods, which are of the best quality, have been manufactured expressly for India, and selected after a careful tour through the Home Markets.

The prices are very moderate, arranged to suit the times, and, to encourage CASH PURCHASERS, the liberal reduction of

TWO ANNAS IN THE RUPEE
WILL BE ALLOWED FOR READY MONEY PAYMENTS.

Mofussil Residents can rely on prompt despatch and attention being given to their orders, and Goods not approved will be readily exchanged.

DEPARTMENTS.

TAILORING.
IN CORRECT TASTE, FINISHED IN THE BEST WEST END STYLE.
A large assortment of Suitings, Angola and Cashmere Trowserings. Home Spuns, Cheviots, Riding Cords, Coatings, West of England Cloths for Dress Suits, and Fancy Vestings.

SHIRTS.
Oxford Cloth, the original soft finish, in white plain colors and Fancy Checks. This season New French Cambrics, best Wove Flannel, Silk and Wool (the new material), Unshrinkable Flannel.

HOSIERY.
Our manufacturer in this Department was awarded at the late Paris Exposition
THE GOLD MEDAL.
Plain and Fancy Striped Cotton, Lisle Thread, Real Balbriggan, Plain, and Fancy Merino, Scotch Lambs Wool, and Handknits Half Hose, Black Silk for Dress.
Ribbed Merino and Hand-knitt Knickerbockers for Sportsmen, Pure Merino. Angle-Indian (half silk), Summer Merino, Stout Drab Merino for travellers, Real Scotch Lambs Wool for cold climates, Cardigan Jackets.
Drawers ... { Fine Brown Cotton Summer Merino, Stout Drab Merino, Scotch Shetland Wool, Short Drawers for Riding, Bathing Drawers.

GLOVES.
Gents' ..... { Best White Kid, White Doe, Real Buck, Tan Chevrette, stout and soft. Warm Cloth and Berlin Wool Light Tints, and Drab.
Ladies' ... { Kid, Light Tints and Drab Tan Calf, Riding Gauntlets.

SCARFS, TIES, AND COLLARS.
Our manufacturer in this Department was also awarded a Medal for Design and Quality.
A splendid assortment of made and unmade Scarfs and Ties. Rep Squares, several new shapes in Collars, Linen Cuffs, &c. Belts and Braces in many new designs.

CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS.
Plain White Cambric for Ladies or Gentlemen, French Cambric, hem-stitched print ed borders, all the latest designs.

HELMETS.
White and Brown Shikar (several new improvements introduced), Drab Felt Helmets, Regulation Helmets with Spike an Chain, Terai Hats, Felt Hats covered Felt.
Ladies Terai, Felt, and Drab Felt Helmets.
A large assortment of Puggrees.

HATS.
DRESS AND CO.'S GOLD MEDAL QUALITY.
Dress and Tall Drab, Black, Drab, and Brown Felt, hard and soft crowns, the New Blue Felt Lined Cork, the lightest made, Soft Tweed for Travellers, the University Straw Hat, Polo Caps, &c.

TRUNKS, BAGS AND PORTMANTEAUS.
A large assortment in this Department, embracing Gents' and Ladies' Overland, solid leather, Tan Canvas Railways, Gladstone Bags, Vade Mecum, Bags for Soiled Linen, Courier Bags, Cork Mattresses, Portable Tin Baths, Air-Tight Cases, Rug and Baggage Straps.

TABLE LINEN, TOWELS, &c
The Royal Irish Table Damask with Napkins, Sheets for single or double Beds, Pillow cases, Turkish Bath Towels and Blankets, Damask and Honeycomb Hand Towels.

RUGS, MAUDS, AND BLANKETS.
Real white and red Whitney Blankets, District and Austrian Rugs, the New Campaign Rug with Air Pillow attached, Heather mixed and Fancy Checked Scotch Mauds.

UMBRELLAS.
Ladies Twill Silk plain natural sticks or silver mounted, Gents' Alpaca, Levantine (the new material), Twilled Silk, Sun Umbrellas, very light, all fitted with Foxe's Paragon Frames.

WALKING STICKS.
Small Rattan, Ashplant, Olive, Orange, Jersey Cabbage, plain or silver mounted.

FANCY JEWELLERY.
A large assortment of novelties in Silver Links, Solitaires and Scarf Pins all new in design.
Lund's Patent Jewellery, real Whitby Jet ware.

TRAVELLER'S REQUISITES.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

TUESDAY EVENING, 25TH FEB. 1879.

CONSOLS in London yesterday were still quoted at 98¾, but French Rentes have declined from 112½ to 111½. Enfaced Rupee Paper is unchanged a 75 f r Fours, and 81 for Fours-and-a-half. A withdrawal from the Bank of England is r ported of £100,000 to South America, but with money so plentiful as it now is, a small movement like this will have no effect on the Money Market.

In the Mincing Lane Market, Cocoanut Oil is unchanged, C ffee is firm at previous prices, and Seeds are steady but unaltered. Wheat has advanced 1s. per quarter.

PIECE Goods in Manchester are reported dull, although private telegrams do not advise any change in prices. Reuter calls the Liverpool Cotton Market firm, but private messages report the tone at the close dull. The day's sales were estimated at 8,000 bales, and all spot prices remain unchanged. The New York Cotton Market yesterday was closed on account of holidays, and Reuter gives the receipts at the American ports at 42,000 bales, but unfortunately omits to mention whether for two or three days, and we are therefore unable to institute an exact comparison of the figures.

EXCHANGE this morning opened with a weaker tendency which was increased later on by advices of an easier feeling in Calcutta, and ultimately rates settled down to a decline of 1-16d. per rupee, at which the market closes weak. The Banks show decidedly more anxiety to buy, but there are very few Private Bills offering, and such as there are sellers do not press for sale, a pretty general belief prevailing that the decline will go on. In the meantime, Bar Silver in London remains unchanged at 50¼d. per oz., and the market will be guided by the rates obtained in London to-morrow for Council drafts. Closing quotations are :—

Bank Bills, on demand	.....		...1s. 7 5-16 to ¾d.	per Rs
Do.	6 months' sight...		1s. 7 11-16 to ¾d.	,,
Credits,	3	,, ,,	...1s. 7 11-16d.	,,
Documents,	3	,, ,,	...1s. 7¾d.	,,
France	3	,, ,,	...9·77½	,,
Sovereigns each			...Rs. 12·2	

Gold remains unaltered at Rs. 19 7-6 per tola.

On Calcutta rates are weaker, and we now quote demand 1-16 to ⅛ per cent. premium, 60 days' sight 1⅛ per cent discount nominal.

GOVERNMENT PAPER is quieter with a less active demand. Fours, Rs. 94½; New Fours-and-a-half, Rs. 99¾.

THE SHARE MARKET has not been quite so active to-day, and prices are somewhat irregular, in some instances a portion of yesterday's advance having been lost. Bank of Bombays are 5 per cent. lower at Rs. 675. In Land Companies we note an advance of Rs. 25 in Colaba and Rs. 5 in Port Cannings. Press Co.'s shares are unaltered, except for an advance of Rs. 7½ in Mofussils. The shares of Treacher and Co., Limited, are in request at Rs. 655. Spinning and Weaving companies generally are somewhat quieter. Bombay United have declined Rs. 10, whilst there is an advance of Rs. 15 in Bundutan, Rs. 5 in Khandeish and Rs. 20 in Sholapore. It is currently reported that the terms of sale of the four mills, lately under the management of Nursey Kessowjee and Co. and now in liquidation, will shortly be made public.

COTTON.—The general tone at all remains very firm, and sellers, if anything, are inclined to ask slightly higher prices both for ready and future delivery, but buyers are very unwilling operators except to cover actual wants, and the business done has consequently been small. The arrivals into Bombay yesterday were 4,032 bales, but into the up-country markets supplies are not coming forward at all freely, and it seems probable that little improvement will be observable until after the Holi.

Messrs. Wallace Brothers have the following telegram from their Khangaum agent this afternoon. "Heavy rain passing over whole district." Further advices will be awaited with some anxiety, as it is still possible that the crops may sustain material damage. Current quotations for Cotton to day are :—

Good Ginned Broach March delv	.....Rs.	203 per candy
Good Oomra	do.	192 ,,
F. G. F.	do.	182 ,,
G. F. ,,	do.	178 ,,

At a meeting of the Committee of the 'Cotton Trade Association" this morning the standards of Dharwar Cotton were raised in accordance with a telegram received from the Liverpool Cotton Brokers' Association reporting on the samples sent from this side. And it was resolved to comply with a request received from Bremen to furnish samples for the Cotton room there.

SEEDS.—Linseed is firm at Rs. 6 6 to Rs. 6-7 and Rapeseed at Rs. 6-14, but of both kinds supplies are insignificant. Gingelly is getting into smaller compass, and prices are firm at Rs. 39 to Rs. 41½ per candy according to quality.

FREIGHTS remain about the same level, but there has been rather more doing to-day. For Liverpool we still quote 23s. 9d. to 25s. by steam, 20s. for wood and 22s. 6d. for Iron sailing vessels. For Genoa and Marseilles a fair business has been done by the Sicily s. s. at 33s. 9d., payable here. The s. s. Aragon is reported fixed for Marseilles.

PIECE GOODS continue in very fair request, and from the bazaar considerable purchases are being effected for the Delhi and Cawnpore markets. From first hands, however, clearances are not large, and prices are not quotably changed.

IN COALS no fresh business is reported, and prices are nominally unchanged.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Bank.	No. of Shares.	Nomi. Value p. sh.	Paid up.	Last Divi- dend.	Rates per Share.
		Rs.	Rs.	p. c.	
Agra Bank	100,000	100	all	6 p.ct.	130
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	4 do	715
Bank of Bombay	50,000	1,000	all	5 do	675
Bank of Madras	60,000	500	all	3 do	640
National Bank of India.	87,320	625	12-10	6 do	169

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton Press Co..	150	5,000	25,500	150 p.a.	775
Albert Co., Kurrachee.	200	1,000	1,100	148 do	755
Albert Ginning Co.....	100	500	all	18 p.ct	500
Apollo Press Co.....	750	2,750	2,200	32 p.a.	840
Bailey ,, ,, ...	176	1,000	all	25 do	950
Berar Company (New)..	155	500	all	60 p.a	410
Indian Press Co.....	1,000	250	all	16 do	90
Broach Cotton Co	400	250	all	10 do	50
Carwar Co	1,000	1,500	all	75 do	50
Colaba Press Co	1,000	1,000	all	80 do	450
Dholleen P. and C. Co.	400	500	all	16 do	12
East India Press Co..	852	1,000	all	100 do	700 xd
Fort Press Co	50	8,500	1,250	50 do	875
French Press Co.....	800	500	all	75 p.a.	400
Mofussil Press and Ginning Co.....	1,125	400	350	30 do	160
Prince of Pr. Press.	120	1,500	250	do	350
Sassoon's Press Co.....	600	500	all	25 do	300
Soinde Press Co.....	400	850	750	6 do	305
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co., Ld.-...	100	1,000	925	125 do	980
Victoria Cotton Gin and Press Co	150	850	all	12 p.ct	800
Volkart's United Press Co.,.....		1,000	1,000	25 p.a.	675

* Per Share for the half-year.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE AND LISTS OF PASSENGERS BY SEA.

THE SHIP BELLE OF BATH, 1,417 tons, Captain Whitemore, will sail to-day for Elephant Point, in tow.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s s. s. MARSATTA, 540 tons, Captain A. Rose, sailed yesterday for Aden and Zanzibar, with a general cargo, and a gentleman, and four deck passengers.

THE BARQUE TWILIGHT 630 tons, Captain T. Kearon, arrived in harbour on the 24th inst. from Liverpool 31 Oct., with a cargo of 840 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Edward Bates and Co.

DEPARTURE OF THE S. S. MACEDONIA.

THE ANCHOR LINE S. S. MACEDONIA, 1,452 tons, Captain J. Laird, will sail to-day for Genoa and Marseilles with a general cargo, and the following passengers :—For Marseilles—Mrs. and two Misses Brown, Mr. Buttery, and Mr. A. Faber. For Genoa—Mr. Clarke. For ——Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell, three children and Master Mitchell, and S. L. Mitchell. For Suez—Mr. McCloy; and five deck passengers.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
24	Twilight	Kearon	Liverpool, Oct 31.

DEPARTURES.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
25	Diana (s)	Cottich	Trieste.
	Mahratta (s).....	Russel	Aden and Zanzibar.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday :—

Steamer Macedonia, Laird, to Genoa.
Ship Belle of Bath, Whitemore, to Elephant Point.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—

Steamer Arno, to ——Bell &c.
Steamer Oriental, to P. Gunn & Co. in Kurrachee.
Steamer Kiva, to Cass and Calcutta.

CALCUTTA.

PASSENGERS.

The following is the list of passengers per s s Hindostan which sailed from Calcutta on 21st February: For Madras—Mr Webster, Dr and Mrs Silvester, Mr Ball, Mr Nicholson, Mr Silvester, Mr Triton, and Col Worsley. For Galle—Mr Hyde, Mr Bisss. For Melbourne—Mr Foster, Mr Winchell, Mr Cook, Miss Ashton, and Private John Ryan, wife, and 5 children. For Suez—Mr W H Fisher. For Bombay—Surgeon Major Caldwell, For Venice—Mr H Kellmeyer. For Southampton—Mrs Worsley, Lieut Col S T and Mrs Trevor and two children, Mrs Carter and child, Mr and Mrs Alexander, Mr Roberts and child, Mrs Marsdell, Mrs Springle and 3 children, Miss Cox, Miss Jones, Mr Smith, Miss Jullico, and Miss Osmond and two children.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.
22 Malda (s) .... Calcutta.

DAILY IMPORTS.—FEBRUARY 25.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Spoke Hall s—1,741 bundles steel hoops, Booth and Co; 5 hogsheads portwine, Shapoorjee Rustomjee Sookhia.
Macedonia s—30 cases school slates, Familly Moosabhoy.

FROM LONDON.

Mirzapore s—8 cases bacon, 1 case ham, and 2 cases oilmanstores, R L Southern and Co.

FROM GENOA.

Australia s—50 cases claret, C Gr adona; 75 cases vermouth, M Mondolfo and Co; 8 cases cheese 1 case food and 50 cases provision, Abdool Hoosein Goolam Hoosein; 50 cases mustard, John S Kinnear and Co; 1,000 casks hard spirits, 50 cases paper sheets, and 50 cases yellow metal sheets, Volkart Bro here; 29 cases glass and earthenware, Pestonjee Cursetjee Cama.

DAILY EXPORTS.—FEBRUARY 25.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Eresha—Abbas—187 cwts myrabolams, Dhurrumsee Nanjee; 74 bales cotton, Sipall Rajch no.
Bellona s—200 bales cotton, Leo & Moir and Co; 100 bales cotton Jairam Hemraj; 10 bales wool, Heerjee Govindjee.
Speke Hall s—150 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 18 bales cotton, Muncjee Khetsey; 200 bales cotton, Lang, Moir and Co; 37 bales wool, Narranjee Mooljee.

FOR LORD N.

Scotland s—3 bales hides, Hassum Woomer.
Estepona s—11 cases Rahim-ve, Alladin Mahamed Dama; 3 bundles Electh Vuluabram Purshotum; 764 cases coffee. The Cooper Landing Co; 1,464 cwts linseed, Wallace and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Scotland s—500 cwts pepper and 250 cwts coffee, George Lockhart and Co; 2984 cwts coffee, Vinay and Co; 500 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co; 30 bales cotton, Moolchund Moteechund.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Bengal s—334 bags coffee, Peirie Leslie and Co; 12,000 cwts linseed, Ewart, Latham and Co; 200 bales cotton, 2745 cwts rapeseed and 4 cwts linseed, all Brothers.
Australia s—1,294 cwts gingelly seed, Finlay Scott and Co.
Aden s—3·5 cases B horns and 1517¾ cwts teel seed, Finlay Scott and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Australia s—100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 6 cwts garments, Volkart Brothers; 1,581 cwts teaseed, Killick, Nixon and Co.
Sicily s—300 bales cotton, B I S N Co; 150 bales cotton, W and A Graham and Co; 2,025 cwts teaseed, Peel Cassels and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Presnitz s—100 bales cotton, W M Macaulay and Co.
Venetia s—2,009 cwts castorseed, Knoop and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Venetia s—200 bales cotton, Knoop and Co; 100 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co; 28 packages coffee, P and O S N Co.
Presnitz s—300 bales cotton, Greaves, Cotton and Co.

FOR LIGHTERS.

Australia s—3,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR HONGKONG.

Khiva s—175 cwts sandlewood, Muncherjee Framjee; 1,200 baskets onions, Husson Lalji; 215 bales twist, The New D P S and W Co; 15 bales twist, B R Vakil; 50 bales twist, Inderjee Mooljee; 30 bales twist, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.

BOMBAY, 24th February 1879.

Means of observations taken at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·837
Temperature of the Air	76°1
Wet Bulb thermometer	70·6
Dew Point	67·2
Relative humidity of Air	0·703
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded =1)	2·2
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.).....	83·6
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 p.m.)	71·9
General Direction of Wind.....to	W, WNW, NNE, E E, E, ESE, W.
Movement of wind in 24 hours	134

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—FEBRUARY 23.

Murray, Major, R A, on duty, from Bangalore.

FEBRUARY 24.

Forteath, Major, 18th Bombay N I, on leave, from Poona.

FEBRUARY 25.

Macnaughten, Major, 2nd Bombay Cavalry, on leave, from Callian.
Gillespie, Lieut Col, Asst Adjt Genl of Musketry, on duty, from Poona.
Miller, Col, Inspector Genl of Police, on furlough, from Lahore.

DEPARTURES.—FEBRUARY 22.

O'Sullivan, Lieut, R E, on leave, to ——.

FEBRUARY 24.

Ducat, Major, R E, on furlough, to England.

FEBRUARY 25.

Jacob, Major, Staff, on duty, to Quetta.
Murray, Major, R A, on duty, to Bangalore.
Cautley, Capt Maj, on duty, to Poona.
Pearson, 2nd Lieut, 12th Lancers to join, to Secundrabad.
Ommaney, Captain, 11 B Bengal N I, on duty, to Peshawar.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(Gazette of India, February 22.)

The following appointments are made to the Punjab Chiefs' Cont ngent.

Brigade-Surgeon-Lieut-Colonel J Watson, C B, V C, to be Commandant.
Major W J Anderson, Officiating 2nd-in-Command, 1st Punjab Cavalry, to act as Assistant Adjutant and Quarter-master General, 1.
Captain Alfred Rivaz Wing Officer, 4th Sikh Regiment, to act as Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General.
Captain A J Pearson, R A, to act as Adjutant to the Artillery of the Contingent.
Captain S D Turnbull, 15th Bengal Cavalry, to be Aide-de-Camp to Brandier-General Watson.
The undermentioned Major J B Deane to be in Medical Charge of the Contingent.

The following extract from regimental Orders, dated 29 h Dec 1878, issued by the Commandant, Mewar Bhil Corps, is confirmed :—Lieut Ramsell, A Adjutant, Mewar Bheel Corps, to officiate as 2n -in-Command and 2nd Assistant Political Agent, Mewar, in addition to his duties, vice Captain A Connilly, Central India Horse Cumming, Bombay Staff Corps, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command of the Mewar Bheel Corps and 2d Assistant to the Political Agent, Mewar vice Captain Connilly.

Surgeon G T Peters, Medical Officer of the 2nd Regiment, Bombay N I, is appointed to officiate as Civil Surgeon of Muscat with effect from the date of assuming charge, vice Surgeon A S G Jayakar.

Pending the arrival of Surgeon C T Peters, Surgeon Behary Lall Hathi of the Bombay Medical Establishment, is appointed to officiate as Civil Surgeon of Muscat, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

The service of Mr A Porteous, Bengal Civil Service, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

Lieut-Colonel Sandeman, Political Commissioner, Baluchistan, with a escort from 1st Jan ver, Colonel A Davidson, R E, Examiner, 1st Class, 1st Grade, retired :—

Mr Boyce, Examiner, 1st Class, 2nd Grade, to be Examiner, 1st Class, 1st Grade. Major Pilcher, R E, Examiner, 1st Class, 2nd Grade temporary rank), is confirmed in that grade. Major Westmoreland, R E, Examiner, 1st Class, 2nd Grade. Colonel Mallock, R E, Temporary Examiner, 1st Grade, 3d Grade, is appointed Examiner, 1st Class, 3rd Grade, permanent.

Mr Upcott, Executive Engineer 4th Grade, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Director of State Railways, Western system, during the absence on Military duty of Lieut D A Scott R E.

The services of Lieut-Col Downig, Executive Engineer, attached to the Rajputana State Railway, are placed temporarily at the disposal of Military Department for service under the Commissary General.

The service of Dr Meiklejohn, Western System of State Railways, are replaced at the disposal of the Home Department.

Mr Wilson, Deputy Examiner of accounts, attached to the Office of Accountant General P W Department, is granted privilege leave for three months.

Mr R Davin, Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, Neemuch and Nasirabad Railway Survey, is granted furlough for eighteen months.

Mr Morton, Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the Holkar and Nimuch State Railways to the Western Rajputana State Railway, Southern Section.

The following Officer is posted to the Punjab Northern State Railway :—Major Jopp, R E, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, temporary rank.

The Officers and Subordinates referred to in Public Works Department Notification dated 4th ult, are posted as follows :—

To Indus Valley state Railway, Mr L H C Arms-rong, Ex Engineer, Mr R H Froude, Ex Engineer. To Punjab Northern State Railway, Mr W C Hennessy, Ex Engineer.

Mr Handcock, Executive Engineer, is posted to the Punjab Northern State Railway.

Mr P P Deane, Assistant Engineer, is posted to the Office of Engineer-in-Chief at Moultan on special duty.

It is hereby notified that the undermentioned Officers of the Survey Department are serving with the forces operating in Afghanistan :—

With the Quetta Field Force—Major W M Campbell, R E, Captains W J Heavi-ide, R E, T H Holdich, R E, M W Rogers, R E, Bengal Staff Corps, Lieut et G C Gore, R E, and J R Hobley, Staff Corps.

With the Kurram Field force—Captain R G Woodthorpe, R E.

With the Indus Division Peshawar Valley Field Force—Major H C B Tanner, Staff Corps, and Lieut E P Leach, R E.

GOOD SERVICE PENSIONS.

It is hereby announced that on the recommendation of the Government of India, Her Majesty's Government has been pleased to confer good service pensions on the undermentioned Officers, with effect from the 12th Oct ber 1878 :—Colonel W D Borgess, Bengal Staff Corps, in room of Lieut-General D M Stewart, C B, s ceeded to the Colonel's allowance; and Colonel (Brigadier General) T Wynch, C B, Bengal Staff Corps, in room of Lieut General J L Vaughan, C B, succeeded to the Colonel's allowance.

ORDERS BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Adjutant General's Office, Simla, Feb. 17.

The C-in-C in India is pleased to make the following appointments :—

11th N I, Captain Ommaney, Bengal Staff Corps, to be Wing Officer, vice Howey, resigned the service. Captain Ommaney having been restored to the effective list of the Bengal Staff Corps by Her Majesty, that officer will revert to the position he held in the 11th N I, prior to his retirement on the half pay list.

Surgeon Major W H Kirton, officiating Principal Medical Storekeeper to Government, to be Medical Storekeeper at Meean Meer, without prejudice to his officiating appointment, vice Surgeon Major O'D ne, deceased.

Colonel Simmons, Ben al Staff Corps, is transferred from Allahabad to Rawal Pindi, for general duty.

Lieut Col W Osborne, Bengal Infantry, is transferred from Fort George to Chanpore, for general duty.

Captain G Edmonds, Unattached, is transferred from Meerut to Dinapore, for general duty.

The name of Lieut Owens, 109th Foot, is to be added to the list of officers detailed for duty with regimental depôts.

Veterinary Surgeon Ginger is directed to proceed from Mhow to Meerut for duty with the R A at that station.

Veterinary Surgeon Cutter is directed to Proceeded from Mooltan to Lucknow, for duty with the R A at the station.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence.

Lieut Cruickshank, (Battery C Brigade,) to England, to appear before a medical board.

4th Battalion Rifle Brigade—Captain (Brevet Lieut Colonel) Wilson to England, to appear before a medical board.

Surgeon Major D O'Donovan, (in medical charge 2-15th Foot,) to England, to appear before a medical board.

PUNJAB GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(Punjab Government Gazette, Feb. 20.)

With the sanction of H E the Viceroy and Governor General in Council Mr J Lyall, Officiating Financial Commissioner, Punjab, is confirmed in his appointment.

Major R G Ware, Deputy Commissioner, 3rd Class, on Special Duty, is appointed Settlement Commissioner of the Moultan, and Derajat Divisions.

The Hon'ble the Lieut-Governor is pleased to make the following promotions in the Punjab Commission, vice Major Ware, appointed Settlement Commissioner :—Mr Benton, Judicial Assistant, 1st Grade, to be Deputy Commissioner, 3rd Class; Mr Hawkins, Judicial Assistant, 3rd Grade to be Judicial Assistant, 1st Grade; Mr Beckett, Assistant Commissioner, 1st Class, to be Judicial Assistant, 3rd Grade; Mr Purser, Assistant Commissioner, 2nd Class, to be Assistant Commissioner, 1st Class; Captain Warbur on, Assistant Commissioner, 3rd Class, to be Assistant Commissioner, 2nd Class.

The Hon'ble the Lieut-Governor is pleased to make the following promotion :—Mr F Field, Extra Assistant Commissioner, 2nd Class, 3rd Grade, to be Extra Assistant Commissioner 2nd Class, 2nd Grade.

Mr French is appointed and Officiating Assistant District Superintendent of Police, and is posted to Lahore.

The Services of Mr Sydney Smith, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Dera Ghazi Khan, are placed at the disposal of the Government in the Foreign Department.

Mr Lewarchand, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, Ferozepore, is appointed to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, Dera Ghazi Khan.

Mr Rose, Executive Engineer, is allowed furlough for two years to Europe.

Mr J Dempster, Assistant Engineer, attached to the office of Superintending Engineer, Sirhind Canal Circle, is allowed furlough for one year.

THE BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

BY LIEUT. COL. SEXTON, COMMANDANT, B. V. R.

Bombay, 25th February 1879.

1 The undermentioned having joined is taken on the strength and posted to D Company :—

No. 8·0 Vol Black

2 The undermentioned is transferred from B to F Company : Vol C A de Silva.

By Order,
T. DUNNE, Lieut. and Adjt.,
Bombay V. R. C.

CALENDAR FOR FEB. & MAR. 1879.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

First Quarter.....1-t, 0h. 49·6m. p.m.

Date.	Remarks.	Sun rises. A.M.	Sun sets. P.M.	High Water.	Low Water.
Feb.		h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
Wed 26	Ash Wednesday.—English Mail expected	6 24	6 3	1 43 m 3 8 a	8 4 m 8 38 a
Th. 27	.....	6 23	6 4	2 10 3 8	8 34 m 8 58 a
Fri 28	.....	6 22	6 4	2 23 m 4 1 a	9 9 37 a
March.				3 1 m	10 0 m
Sat. 1	St. David.	6 21	6 4	3 46 m	10 12 m
Sun. 2	Quadragesima—1st Sunday.	6 21	6 4	3 46 m 6 58 a	11 2 m .....
Mon. 3	.....	6 20	6 5	5 30 m	0 32 m
Tues. 4	.....	6 19	6 5	6 5 a 7 20 a	0 23 a 1 3 m
				9 10 a	1 a

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BIRTH.

BOILEAU—February 21st, at Dapoora, the wife of Captain H. Boileau, Cantonment Magistrate, of a daughter.
McLEOD—February 16th, at Osmanabad, the wife of Mr. E McLeod, Esq., assistant Commissioner, of a son.
PHILLIPS—February 14th, at Ajmir, the wife of Dudley Phillips, Post Master, of a son.
SANDY—February 16th, the wife of Lieut E. Sandys, S. A. C. Gun-rel, of a son.

All MONEY ORDERS, ENQUIRS and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1879.

THE most amusing part of Mr. McPherson's letter to General Roberts is the humorous description given of the gathering of press correspondents on the General's Staff at the tent of Colonel Villiers, the correspondent of the *Times*, to devour the contents of a message which the special correspondent of the *Standard* had placed confidentially in the hands of an aide-de-camp for transmission to the nearest telegraph station, and the audacity with which these pirates appropriated for the use of the journals they represented information which Mr. McPherson had collected with much labour and at some cost. In fairness to these gentlemen, it must not be forgotten that their version of the story has not yet been placed before the public; but everyone will admit that Mr. McPherson makes a good point in bringing to light the fact that the special correspondents of the *Times*, the *Daily News*, and the *Daily Telegraph* with the Kurram Valley Force were all members of General Roberts's Staff, and that he was the only outsider, and therefore, he assumes, the only independent correspondent in camp. Now that he has been expelled, the correspondence of the *Standard* also has passed into the hands of a staff officer; and General Roberts is safe from further criticism of the kind which he seems to have found so objectionable in Mr. McPherson's letters. It was said of Sir Garnet Wolseley that he carried about with him wherever he went a staff of correspondents of the London daily papers; and that to this prudent arrangement he is indebted for a great part of his reputation. General Roberts may naturally have aspired to emulate so brilliant an example; and we need not be surprised that the newspapers fall in with a scheme which saves them the expense of sending special correspondents with every field column, and also secures them the services of distinguished officers who have made the art of war the study of their lives and are competent judges of military operations. General Robert s may have carried to a ludicrous excess the new practice of establishing confidential relations between the Press and the head-quarter staff of an army, but we are not disposed to make it a grievance that staff officers write for the papers. Only we claim on the other hand, in justice to the public, liberty of criticism for correspondents who happen to be mere outsiders. However faulty Mr. McPherson's criticisms may have been, errors of taste or judgment, or even inaccuracies of statement so long as they were made in good faith, do not constitute a valid reason for the strong measure to which General Roberts had recourse. Unless the correspondent was guilty of dishonourable conduct, or had made himself so personally offensive that his presence could no longer be tolerated in camp, he ought not to have been expelled. General Roberts made the mistake of writing a letter to Mr. McPherson explaining why he had asked the Government of India to order that gentleman's removal from the camp. It was within his power to send Mr. McPherson to Kohat without assigning to him any reason whatever for his expulsion; and nothing can be more absurd than the correspondent's complaint that he was not allowed to remain with the Kurram Valley Force till he had telegraphed to the *Standard* and openly set the General at defiance in the midst of his troops. But General Roberts owes an explanation to the public of conduct which exposes him to the suspicion of having acted tyrannically, and which, if it cannot be justified, will unquestionably tarnish the fame he has won. We and our readers have known Mr. McPherson for many years; and our knowledge of his character makes it very difficult for us to believe him capable of acting dishonourably. That he has been wanting in discretion is probable enough, and there are evidences in his letters and telegrams of crude and hasty judgments such as one might expect to be formed by a critic inexperienced in military matters and eager to startle the credulous British public by showing how much better he could have managed the campaign than General Roberts did. But these blemishes, the result of zeal and youthful vanity, do not lay Mr. McPherson open to the charge of having behaved so badly that the General could not but expel him from camp; and it remains for General Roberts and the Government of India to produce the proofs vindicating the fairness and expediency of their action in this matter. They have not produced them yet.

IT is a curious fact that while the abundant graduates of our colleges are eagerly grasping at salaries of less than fifty rupees a month, and when learning may be said to be almost a drug in the market, the native officers of the Native Army are unable, as a rule, to write or speak English. These native officers are most liberally paid, their salaries averaging eighty or a hundred rupees a month, yet there is nothing required of them in the way of education but to read and write their native languages—the curriculum of the gutters to which the very lowest classes are quite equal in these days. For the salary of Rs. 100 a month, Her Majesty's Commission, and the status of native gentleman, the Government of India might demand and expect something better than a vulgar illiterate sepoy transformed by word of command into a native officer. In exchange for all these advantages the Government ought to obtain a Hindu or a Mahomedan admirable Crichton, a very pundit of learning and politeness. The advantages, pecuniary and social, of a native captain or subadar's position are such, that not only could the Government find English speaking natives for the post, but, if necessary, Greek, Latin, French, and German scholars—the very flower of the higher education. Unluckily the system of promotion from the ranks which obtains, with few exceptions, in the native armies in India, precludes the Government from employing men of education and refinement as the commissioned officers of their regiments. Young natives of birth, or any social position, do not care to enter the ranks as private soldiers, there to remain for perhaps twenty years before they can be promoted to the commissioned grades; and there is no system in the Native Army under which native officers can procure what we should call in England a middle class education; nor if there were such a system would it be of much use to students of forty or fifty years of age—the average age of these officers. However, the importance of education, and of consequent superiority to their men, for the native commissioned ranks cannot be gainsaid, for, with the few European officers now allowed to native regiments, the native officers have become the very marrow and backbone of that service.

The old school of Indian officer is prone to think that education is a bad thing for the sepoy, and a specially bad thing for that sepoy's native officer. The theory is, that the native officer's influence will become too powerful if he is as well educated as the European officer. The notion is worthy of a school which never had much to boast of in the way of accomplishments and was jealous of the few it possessed; but it is rather late in the day to tell any one,—except perhaps the marines,—that education and refinement are to be dreaded more than brute ignorance and superstition when these opposites are incorporated in a man who commands and is responsible for a "charge of foot." It is easy to conceive some low, vulgar ruffian,—especially if a caste man,—influencing the minds of his men for evil, but it is not so easy to think of an intelligent, fairly educated native gentleman doing this; for one reason, because all his sympathies would be with the European officers, not with the men. But there is another reason why the education of the native officers is a question of importance. If they are not educated, and to a tolerably high standard, their own sepoys will outstrip them in the race. The schoolmaster, who is very much abroad in these days, is sought out by the native youth of the period everywhere, the younger sepoys not excluded. And it is evidently anomalous that the sepoy should be well versed in the English language,—perhaps in moral philosophy as well,—while his native commander remains a miracle of ignorance and of "fetish" superstitions. The fact is, that the flood of education which has poured over the land has left the Native Army, as it were, on an island; and on the highest point of that refuge from erudition are the native officers, hopeful that the tide may never reach them there.

In these times whenever a reform is advocated, it is customary to put the matter in the light of an economy, otherwise it is rarely thought worth attention. The economy of an educated class of native officer is so evident that it scarcely requires explanation. The man is the necessary alternative of the highly paid European officer, and if Indian regiments had native officers of good education and intelligence as company captains and lieutenants, there would be no need for more than three or four European officers with each regiment, as was the case with the Irregular Horse. There is also the economy of a superior article to an inferior one, of an intelligent officer to one ignorant. This last alone would justify the education of the native officers to the level of their duties and responsibilities in the army.

It is sometimes said that the plan of promotion in the British Army is a mistake, that it could only flourish in such an aristocratic country and army as our own. The private soldier has rarely the chance of becoming a commissioned officer, and young gentlemen enter the commissioned ranks without ever having previously shouldered a rifle. Nevertheless, the British Army is the finest in the world, and there is none in which the relations of officers and men are better, or more conducive to good discipline. It is also said that the system could not be extended to the Native Army with advantage, though we are at a loss to know why not? The Indians are as aristocratic as the English, if not more so, and their idiosyncracies are in keeping with a plan of promotion which would give them young men of birth and fortune for their officers; the only objection to the system is that the native officer, if of a wealthy or noble family, might rise superior to the European officer in regimental estimation. But this again could only happen injuriously for the service, if the European commanding officer were a man of weak character, and his discipline so bad as to justify his removal from his office. A European commanding officer of the right mettle should be able to make a great deal of a native regiment in which the native officers were gentlemen by birth, and, above all, by education.

It is true that any changes of a radical nature ought to be introduced with some caution to the Native Army, but there is such a thing as over-precaution. This may mean procrastination in the worst sense of the word. When it is said "Oh! of course, all such changes will have to come about some day or other, but the present system will last our time," the speakers hardly consider what moral forces are at work in India even while he talks. Progress cannot be stayed, and it is contrary to all reason that the military should stand still when all the other classes of the community are thirsting after knowledge. Especially is it contrary to sense that the company commanders of native regiments should be as ignorant, or more ignorant, than the men they command. If the change discussed is admittedly a change which time will bring about, it is confessedly a change for the better, and the only question is, if the Native Army is ripe to receive it, and we think it is. In fact, the army was ripe for the change from the date it was determined to give native officers the responsibilities of captains and lieutenants; from the date when they assumed the duties of European officers. In the British Army, in all armies but that of India, the captain is a highly educated officer, and very properly so. We can recollect the time when he was *not* educated up to the mark, and the result. The consequences of his ignorance were so melancholy that after the Crimean War commenced a perfect rage for military tests and examinations, winding up in what is called the "garrison course"—a liberal education in itself. Now, if it is expected that similar consequences of a similar ignorance cannot ensue in the native armies under pressure of war, the expectation shows unwarranted confidence in stupidity. It is true that the native officers in the Afghan campaign have behaved gallantly, though deficient in education, but mere fighting is not a test of the usefulness of an education for those who are in command of other men. It is in time of peace, rather than in war, that military education, as here expressed, discovers its importance and utility, for it is in the dull routine of cantonment life that a soldier most needs the good example and inspiriting influence of his superiors.

ARRIVAL OF GENERAL STEWART'S FORCE AT KHELAT-I-GHILZAI.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

CAMP. KHELAT-I-GHILZAI, JAN. 23.

GENERAL STEWART arrived at this fortress yesterday. The place, as is well known, is famous for the siege which it sustained in May 1841 under Captain Craigie and the 12th B. N. I., since named the "Khelat-i-Ghilzai" Regiment for their gallant behaviour on that occasion. The army left Kandahar on the 15th instant, so that it has marched continuously for eight days. The route during the whole distance lay through a wide valley with pretty highland scenery, the river Tornak winding down the centre. Signs of irrigated cultivation were evident along either banks of the stream for the entire distance from Kandahar, while numerous flocks of sheep, grazing on the hill sides, showed that the people of the valley were not without a fair measure of prosperity and wealth. Where not cultivated, the surface and the hills are covered with thyme, which, being dried and withered, looked not unlike Scotch heather in October. Indeed, the resemblance of the valley to a Highland glen struck everybody. In spring, when the thyme is in flower and the fields are covered with green crops, the appearance of these districts must be very beautiful; but at present the monotonous character of the scenery, without a tree or bush to relieve the prospect of bare moor and barren hill, became, after a few days, wearying to the eye. Yesterday we were all glad to see the fortified hill of Khelat-i-Ghilzai rise up in front, and as we neared it the bright flash of a heliograph, from the top of the citadel inside the

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

THE AFGHAN WAR.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS.)

EXPEDITION TO THE LUGHMAN VALLEY.

INTRIGUES OF YAKUB KHAN.

JALLALABAD, Feb. 22.

A force consisting of two guns of Delatour's mountain battery, one troop of the 10th Hussars, one squadron of Guides, 200 of the Rifle Brigade, 250 Guides Infantry, and 250 of the 1st Sikhs, under General Jenkins, started early in the morning and crossed the river to proceed to Dorunta, a village in the Lughman valley. The object of the expedition was to seize Azmat Alla, the agent of Yakub Khan, who has been sent to stir up the people. The troops took three days' provisions. Heliographic communications will be maintained.

Orders have been received here for the immediate construction of a fort to hold a strong garrison. Work commences immediately.

THE MURDER OF A KHOJA AT KURRACHEE.

KURRACHEE, Feb. 25.

An atrocious murder was committed yesterday at 9 A.M. on the Bunder road. The victim was Lallun Allana, a leading Khoja trader here. The murderer is a young Khoja named Moorjee Cutchra, lately arrived from Kutch. He was armed with a pistol, dagger, and clasp knife. In his confession before the Magistrate he said that he was a *Murid* of His Highness Aga Khan, Bombay, and that he had *no* calling and no fixed residence. That on meeting Lallun he suddenly resolved to kill him, and shot at him, but that he bore Lallun no enmity, and was not instigated to do the deed. Lallun died in hospital at 10 30. He was shot through the right lung above the breast.

Lallun was the same man who in 1876 was excommunicated on account of religious differences, and was nearly murdered by his co-religionists, the ringleader being Bustoo Fuddoo, a Khoja merchant, who was sentenced to five years' transportation and a fine of R. 5,000, which sentence, however, on appeal was enhanced. The appeal was conducted by the late Mr. Purcell, barrister-at-law.

When arrested, the assassin told the police that he got Rs. 5,000 from Aga Khan's son to do the deed, but this he suppressed when making the above confession, and declared that he had no motive in shooting Lallun.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(*By Red Sea Cable.*)

THE AFGHAN WAR.

LONDON, Feb. 24.

The Secretary of State for War, in reply to a question in Parliament, said that the Maharajah of Cashmere had not been instructed to carry out military operations at Chitral, in the Hindu Kush, nor to co-operate in the rectification of frontier.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LISBON, Feb. 24.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Arcot, homeward from Persian Gulf and Kurrachee, left here yesterday.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 24.

The Hall Line steamer City of Baltimore arrived here from Bombay to-day.

ADEN, Feb. 25.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Chyebassa, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left to-day.

LONDON, Feb. 24.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Shrats unchanged.

The London Cotton Market has been quieter.

Fair Dhollera ..... 4 5-16d.

The Manchester Market has been dull.

Exchange on India, 60 days' sight .. 1-7/8

6 per cent. Rupee Paper 75

4½ per cent. do. 81

3 per cent. Consols for account 96⅛

5 per cent. French Rentes 1872 ..... 111½

Bar Silver 60⅛

About £100,000 have been withdrawn from the Bank of England for South America.

Departures—Saint Germain, and Eros.

THE MASSACRES AT MANDALAY.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 25.

The Resident telegraphs from Mandalay on the 23rd inst. his hope that the murders in the palace have ceased. Several women and children of the family of the late King are saved. The Resident's first remonstrance elicited a reply to the effect that these domestic affairs did not concern foreign powers, but the ministers subsequently made verbal excuses, alleging necessities of State.

There are rumours of disturbances and insecurity to foreigners at Mandalay. The Flotilla steamer will lie at Mandalay, and the armed vessel Irrawaddy is ready at Thayetmyo to proceed to Mandalay at a summons from the Resident. The arrival of a guard has already been reported; with this protection the safety of Europeans at Mandalay is ensured.

RATES OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON.

Bank Bills, on demand		..1- 7-16 to ⅛ per Rs	
Do.	6 months' sight	...1- 7 11-16 to 3d.	"
Credits,	3 "	" ...1- 7 11-16d.	"
Documents,	3 "	" ...1- 7⅛	"
France	3 "	" ...2 08½	
Sovereigns each		..... Rs. 12-5.	

We are informed that His Excellency the Governor will give a farewell dinner to the Hon'ble J. Gibbs, C.S.I., at the Malabar Point on the 18th of March.

The Famine Commission took Mr. Ashburner's evidence at the Secretariat on Monday, and Mr. Gibbs's yesterday. To day the Governor will be examined. The sittings of the Commission are private.

The Municipal Commissioner yesterday obtained the assent of the Town Council to allow the use of the Victoria Gardens for some *al fresco fêtes* the first one to commence about three weeks hence or with a good moon. The object of the *fêtes* is to better the condition of the Volunteer Band Fund.

We regret to hear that there is a good deal of sickness among the crew of the Euryalus, and that the flagship may in consequence be obliged to leave Bombay harbour for the Persian Gulf, for which station she was to have started next week, almost immediately.

Can it be true that the Government of India has calmly appropriated as a loan to itself the 60 lakhs offered by Sir Madhava Rao for the construction of a broad gauge line from Ahmedabad to Pahlanpur, although narrow gauge rails are now being laid down on the line. This would be sharp practice with a vengeance. Yet we understand that Sir John Strachey, who has registered a solemn and idiotic vow that not another mile of broad gauge railway shall be laid down in India, has compelled the Gaekwar's Government to lend him for use in any way he thinks fit money which was meant to be devoted to a special purpose. This is the highly civilized way of putting on the screw, and we do not see that it differs much in principle from the good old rule, the simple plan which found favour with despotic governments and highway robbers in barbarous ages. The Government of India has not dared to treat Scindia in this fashion; it has given him the first-class railway he demanded in return for his money; but Sir Madhava Rao is its creature, and dares not remonstrate when his master is cheated.

The Governor's Ball at Malabar Point on Monday evening was attended by hundreds of guests eager to welcome His Excellency back to Bombay; and no prettier ball has been seen here for a long time. The opinion was generally expressed that the newly decorated reception rooms at the Point, with the spacious verandah surrounding them, are really larger and more convenient for dancers and loungers than the imposing ball-room at Parel. The lighting of the rooms with gas-lamps round the cornice have a very brilliant effect, though it perceptibly increases the heat, which however is not much felt at Malabar Point in February. The supper was laid in an immense tent pitched in the compound.

At yesterday's meeting of the Town Council the Municipal Commissioner re-opened the subject of the tenders for the execution of the proposed drainage works in the city by recommending for acceptance the tender of Messrs. Bulkley and Co. as the "next best" consequent upon the rejection of Mr. Glover's tender. It was mentioned that this tender, having been received after the fixed time, had not been placed before the Council on the previous occasion, although it was admitted that the deposit received with the tender was still lying in the Commissioner's Office. In answer to a member, the Commissioner stated that Mr. Bulkley had executed some large works to the extent of sixteen or seventeen lakhs of rupees; and the Chairman bore willing testimony to the fact that certain works done to his knowledge by Mr. Bulkley were to this day a credit to his name as an engineer. Mr. Kirkham maintained what he had urged on a previous occasion, that, provided the Council did not exceed the grant, it was true economy to engage the services of contractors of the highest repute, skill, and resources; and he confessed to a serious difficulty in his own mind whether he could conscientiously vote for a tender which was admitted to be the "next best." He was of opinion that "Bombay undrained would be better than Bombay badly drained"; and he suggested that the work should be done departmentally. After some discussion the matter was referred to the Works Committee for their report. The Commissioner remarked in the course of the discussion that he would accept Mr. Bulkley's tender or none: he would not propose any other.

The *Indian Daily News*—We learn that Mr. Forbes has returned to Calcutta, *en route* to Natal, after a visit to Mandalay, the capital of Burmah, which he describes as having been extremely interesting. He had an interview with the young King Theebaw, and several long conversations with the Principal Minister, the "Kingwoon Menghye," who took great pains to expound the significance and method of the recent modifications in the despotism of the Burmese monarchy, modifications that are, however, at least, for the present, inoperative, in consequence of the King's infraction of the brand-new constitution by "running in" the Prime Minister and two other high officials. Mr. Forbes's visit was made the occasion of a banquet, in the English style, being given by the Kingwoon Menghy at which were present Mr. Shaw, the British Resident, and the gentlemen of his staff. The Burmese guests were the principal State officials, civil and military. This entertainment was the beginning of any social intercourse between our Residency and the Mandalay State and Court functionaries. The ice is now broken, and indications point to the substitution of cordial social reciprocity for mutual frigidness. Mr. Forbes has secured the services of the "Kingwoon Menghye" in the somewhat novel function of occasional correspondent to the *Daily News*, whenever there is anything to be told about Burmah, or when the Burmese Government has a mind to address any representation to the exterior world, the principal Minister will contribute it to the columns of that paper, done into English by an interpreter. We understand that Mr. Forbes sends home, by the last mail, an article for the *Nineteenth Century*, under the title of "The Story of Constitutionalism in Burmah." The latest news from Mandalay will apparently necessitate the penning of an additional paragraph.

We understand that Lieutenant Brabazon, of the 10th Hussars, will, on the cessation of hostilities, return to resume his appointment as extra A. D. C. on the staff of H. E. the Viceroy.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief left Lahore on Friday morning for Jhelum *en route* for Jallalabad.

It is understood that Mr. H. G. Cordery, Officiating Commissioner of Multan, will be transferred to the Delhi Commissionership, which will probably become permanently vacant, Major Gordon Young taking his place at Multan.

The propriety of further extending the Meteorological Department, of adopting a general system of telegraphic report, and of permanently publishing daily weather charts and bulletins, is at present under the consideration of Government.

Messrs. Eliot and Pedler have succeeded in establishing a telegraphic code for the use of the Meteorological Department, the saving thereby effected to the department being about Rs. 17,000 per annum.

The Secretary of State has recently addressed the Government of India on the subject of the amelioration of the condition of the wild tribes inhabiting certain parts of the Tanna District in Bombay. The construction of roads proposed with this object has been, for want of funds, found impracticable, but it is suggested that the demarcation of forests, which is not attended with a similar difficulty, if specially carried out, would open means of employment to some of the tribes. The assignment to them on special terms, and without the power of transfer of waste lands in the area which the demarcation would probably in some places exclude from the forests, would also, it is thought, mitigate their present condition.

On the recommendation of Sir Joseph Hooker a qualified English gardener has been appointed for the Bengal cinchona plantations.

Lieutenant Colonel E. C. Ross, Resident in the Persian Gulf, has been appointed British Consul General for the Province of Fars and the coasts and islands of the Persian Gulf being within the dominions of Persia.

Mr. R. S. Brough, the acting Electrician Superintendent of the Government Telegraph Department, who went to Madras on special duty with reference to the testing of the cables in the Paumben Channel (which connect India with Ceylon), is now engaged in experiments connected with the introduction of Edison's patent for working the quadruplex system of telegraphy.

It is notified that for the purposes of the military operations now being carried on in Afghanistan, the Government of India have sanctioned a staff salary of Rs. 150 per mensem, in addition to regimental or Staff Corps pay, being granted to Provost Marshals; and Provost Sergeants will be allowed staff pay at Rs. 25, and their assistants at Rs. 15 per mensem.

The Government of India has been pleased, in the case of officers of the Royal (late Indian) Artillery and Engineers, specially granted passages to England in Her Majesty's Indian troopships, to suspend the restriction, in para. 199 of the Transport Regulations, part I, disallowing passage at the public expense for officers' sons above sixteen years of age.

It is now we hear, says the Lahore paper, definitely arranged that the Sind, Punjab, and Delhi Railway Company is to take over the working of the Indus Valley State Railway from the 1st of April next, for the next five years, and that General Strachey has been entrusted with the arrangement of the necessary preliminaries. If this amalgamation be carried out, the public, whether travellers or traders, should soon reap benefit from the arrangement.

Sirdar Wali Mahomed Khan arrived at Jallalabad on the 16th February, and has been invited by Major Cavagnari to meet an assembly of the principal Afghan chiefs at that place who have been summoned there to receive him.

News has reached Penang from the seat of war in Achin that a most daring and determined attack has been made upon one of the forts held by the Dutch at a place called Lamuyong, and the Achinese succeeded in not only inflicting a heavy loss on the Dutch in killed, but in carrying off, as is stated, 20 guns, 500 muskets, with ammunition, besides a large quantity of rice, cattle, and horses. It would appear from this that notwithstanding the surrender of the principal rebel chief, Habib Abdal Rachman, the war is not yet over.

As a proof of the advance of civilisation in Japan we see that the Prime Minister has notified that the punishment of criminals by the exposure of the head after decapitation has been abolished, and that crimes which have hitherto consigned this further degradation shall henceforth be punished by decapitation only. It is also stated that the use of torture will shortly be abolished in Japan.

Deplorable accounts still continue to be received of the condition of the provinces of Shansi, in China. "Vast tracts of land are left uncultivated, numbers of villages are in ruins, many towns almost deserted, and heaps of human bodies lie unburied." In Shantung also the Yellow River has burst its banks, washing away many villages, flooding the surrounding country, and doing a vast amount of damage.

The following information is extracted from a native letter which the *Englishman* has received from Jallalabad, dated the 10th instant: "There has been a great fall of snow at and around Kabul from the 4th to the 7th instant, and it is still snowing. Corn is at famine prices. Amir Shere Ali is being gradually abandoned by officers and relatives, whilst Sardar Wali Muhammad Khan's coming in will be a severe blow to his cause. Yakub Khan is at Kabul. Sayid Mahomed Shah, the ruler of Kuner, will leave this on the 26th for Kuner."

The *Civil and Military Gazette*—We hear that great oppression is exercised on the unfortunate Hindus, subjects of the Amir, now in Kabul. Robbery and murder being rife, these classes are, of course, anxious for the advance of the British, but we have every reason to believe that a very strenuous opposition will be again attempted by the Mahomedan army. The force in or about Kabul consists in all of about twelve thousand men, of which by far the larger proportion is cantoned at Siah Sung close to the city. Here there are about three thousand cavalry and six regiments of infantry with 25 guns. The remainder of the Amir's army is, as previously reported, at Butkhak. There is a force also at Ghazni or on the road between that city and Kabul, estimated at six regiments of infantry, four thousand cavalry, and thirty guns. It is reported that Yakub Khan in person heads a force of five regiments of infantry, three thousand cavalry, and twenty-five guns in the neighbourhood of the Shutrgardan which is in observation of the British troops extended on the line of the Kurram. And that the Sirdar is distributing money and ammunition to the tribes in his neighbourhood, intending to renew the attack as soon as the season permits. Yakub Khan is now reported in good health, and most active in organizing his troops and encouraging the military ardour of his people. He is greatly aided in this by the preaching of the *mullahs*. The advance of the British to Jallalabad and the Shutrgardan is made the subject of appeals to the passions and fanaticism of the Afghans, and it is considered certain that hostilities will be resumed when it is at all seemingly practicable. Yakub Khan has confiscated all the property of Sirdar Wali Mahomed Khan since the latter's defection to the British, and has confined all the members of his family in the prisons of the Bala Hissar. It is said that the sons of Wali Mahomed will be put to death.

Mr. Maurice Dechy, a member of the Hungarian Geographical Society and Vice-President of the Hungarian Alpine Club, is about to visit the Himalayas for scientific purposes, and the various local Governments have been asked to afford him all facilities and their good offices in carrying out his scientific researches.

A circumstantial account has lately been published of the alleged finding, by Robert Franz, of a large number of manuscript compositions by Sebastian Bach at the Schloss Wirsthum, in Saxony. Robert Franz having been applied to for information, replies that there is not a word of truth in the report, and that the whole matter is pure invention.

BOMBAY.

The following programme will be played by the band of the 7th Royal Fusiliers this evening at the Esplanade band-stand:—

March	.....	Hail to our Prince	Wintrobotom
Overture	....	Zampa	Herold
Valse	.....	Novellen	Gung'l
Fantasia	....	Evening about Town	Basquit
Selection	....	Reminiscences of Balfe	Basquit
Galop	.....	Akrobaten	Zikoff.

The recognition by the Government of India of the appointment of Mr. J. Jannasch as Acting Consul for the Netherlands, Belgium, and Roumania, and also as Acting Consul for Sweden and Norway, has been confirmed by Her Majesty's Government.

The amount of cash held in the reserve Treasury of the Government of India on the 20th Feb. was Rs. 67,28,399.

Curious superstition.—At the examination of the deputation of the Sarvajanik Sabha by the Famine Commissioners at Poona, it is stated that the Commissioners asked one of the deputation to account for the existence of the rats which are doing so much mischief in some parts of the Deccan, and which he did in an ingenious manner. The popular idea in regard to these rats is—that they are inhabited by the souls of the natives that died in the famine, and that they have come back to earth to devour the produce of the land during this year.

The quantity of cotton shipped from the port of Bombay to foreign external ports and foreign Indian ports during the month of January was 13,428 candies, valued at Rs. 22,32,811. The quantity shipped from ports in Sind during the same month was 2,531 candies and 352 lbs., valued at Rs. 3,79,665.

The salvage money admissible to each of the several classes of officers and crew of the I. G. S. Ambrwitch for salvage services rendered to the barque Chelsea in June 1878 is published in the *Gazette of India* of February 22. All claims will be paid by the Accountant General, Marine Department, Bombay, on the production, by claimants, of certificates from the Commander of the I. G. S. Ambrwitch.

The report of the crops in all the Nizam's Dominions is very good. The harvests are going on in some places, while in all they are in a forward condition. The picking of cotton is now in progress. In the Ellichpur district the jowari harvest has been reaped.

A dishonest servant.—Rama Luximon, a servant in the employ of Messrs. Treasdr and Co., Byculla, was yesterday convicted by Mr. W. Webb of stealing bills of quantity, the property of the Company, and was sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

Death of a prisoner.—A Coroner's inquest was held yesterday at H. M.'s Common Jail on view of the body of Mahomed Ahmed, who was undergoing a term of six months' rigorous imprisonment, and had died on the night previous from pneumonia. A verdict to that effect was recorded.

Fatal accident.—A Coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the J. J. Hospital on view of the body of a Mahomedan, who died from the effects of injuries he sustained by falling from a tree at Bassein. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

False measure.—Yesterday Ramjee Megjee, a dealer in grain, was charged, at the instance of Mr. Constable Jones, before Mr. Nana Morojee, with having in his possession a false measure of capacity without any authority for the same, he being a retail dealer. He was adjudged guilty and fined Rs. 20.

The Broach Mills Company.—Yesterday at the High Court, the Advocate-General, instructed by Messrs. Hearn, Cleveland, and Little, on behalf of certain creditors of the company, moved for the appointment of an additional liquidator to protect the credit of the said company, but acted by Messrs. Prescot and Winter, for Eduljee Nusserwanjee Setna and F. R. Vissjee, the present liquidators, objected to the appointment of another liquidator on the ground of economy. Mr. Bhashunkre Nanabhai, solicitor, was proposed; but his Lordship remarked that it was undesirable to appoint a solicitor of the Court. After some discussion, Mr. James Moore a merchant, was appointed, his remuneration to be ten annas per cent. on the realisations after the date of this order. Costs of all parties of and incidental to the application to come out of the estate.

H. E. the Governor at Surat.—We learn from Surat that on the night of the 23rd instant, when Sir Richard Temple was expected, Mr. Pratt, the District Collector and Magistrate and President of the Municipality, caused the railway station to be lit up and decorated with flags and evergreens, and sofas, chairs, and benches were placed on the platform for the accommodation of the members of the Municipality and the public. On the arrival of the train, about 10 o'clock p.m., Mr. Pratt introduced the following gentlemen to H. E. the Governor:—Mr. Dinshaw, District Judge, the Hon. Syed Hussun Errooz, C. S. I., additional member of the Bombay Legislative Council, the Nawab Bahadur Meer Gholam Baba Khan, Mr. Jugjiwandas Khusaldas, Deputy Magistrate, Khan Bahadoor Kaikhusro Hormusjee Alpaiwalla, Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Mr. V. M. Bhide, Mr. Eduljee Cursetjee Mody, and Mr. Framjee Jamasjee Bhownagria. After shaking hands with these gentlemen, His Excellency retired to the station-rooms for refreshment where as a while Mr. Birdwood introduced some other native gentlemen to H. E. the Governor. Before leaving the station, the Hon. Mr. Syed Hussun Errooz put garlands of flowers on His Excellency and some other gentlemen, and the train left amidst very hearty cheers from those assembled on the platform.

We hear that a traveller was attacked in the Poonandhur talooka, and his two ponies laden with goods carried off by dacoits. He was a Bania merchant and was on his way to Poona. The dacoits have not been arrested, neither have the goods been recovered.—*Deccan Herald.*

CROP AND WEATHER REPORT OF THE N.-W. PROVINCES AND OUDH

For the week ending 19th Feb.

Benares, 18th Feb—Two-tenths rain. No more wanted. Peas out.

Allahabad, 18th—Very slight and partial showers on 15th; beneficial where they fell. Unirrigated crops all but gone.

Jhansi, 19th—No rain. Weather clear and settled.

Agra, 19th—Very cloudy. Rain threatens. Prices rising.

Meerut, 19th—On 15th rain at Sudder eight-tenths; at Bardhana seven-tenths; other places trifling. Prices slightly lower. Prospects improved.

Bareilly, 19th—About one inch rain in northern tahsil; two to four tenths elsewhere.

Kumaon, 15th—Slight shower in parts on 11th, but more rain wanted.

Lucknow, 19th—Slight showers. Nothing measured.

Sitapur, 19th—Seven-tenths rain at Biswan tahsil; none at Sudder.

Fyzabad, 19th—Prospects fair.

Summary—Light rain during the week. Prospects somewhat improved.

A novel notion.—*Native Opinion* thinks that the arrival of some Theosophists in Bombay offers a fine chance for deputation with the Missionaries:—"A deputation consisting of two ladies and of two gentlemen has just arrived in Bombay from the Theosophical Society of America which is bitterly hostile to Christianity. We venture to suggest that this deputation should hold public disputations with the Missionaries, each party defending its own principles. The disputations would be attended by thousands, and if a small entrance fee were charged, a fund might be established for erecting a Leper Asylum which this city greatly needs. In this manner at least one practical and benevolent result would result from the disputations."

HIGH COURT DECREES.

At the High Court yesterday the following short causes were heard before Sir Charles Sargent:—

AWABAI VS. DINBAI.

Mr. Vicajee, instructed by Messrs. Janardhun and Gandibhoy for the plaintiff, said this was an action on a mortgage bond to recover money advanced by the plaintiff. Mr. Macpherson, instructed by Messrs. Nanu and Hormusjee for the defendant, said the plaint contained "a stupendous novelty": it sought for a decree against all the property which had come into the defendant's hands as executrix. This the plaintiff had no right to; and she was only entitled to sell the mortgaged property. After some discussion, the plaintiff's counsel agreed to take a decree against the mortgaged property. Mr. Macpherson asked for his costs, as he had succeeded in his contention. The Court gave a decree for plaintiff for Rs. 9,275 with interest and costs, declaring the same to be a good charge on the property mentioned in the plaint. The defendant's cost of appearance were not allowed. The property to be sold by the Sheriff, with liberty to the plaintiff to bid at the sale.

HAJARENMAL MOTAJEE AND OTHERS VS. GOWASJEE JEHANGIR JUSAWALLA.

The plain iff appeared in person to claim Rs. 2,500 lent by him on a promissory note dated the 2nd July 1878. There was no appearance for the defendant. As the interest had not been properly calculated, the plaintiff was put over a while in order to get it properly calculated. On his return into Court, he said he had settled the claim with the defendant whom he met outside. The suit was accordingly dismissed with plaintiff's consent.

THARRABHOY TOPUN VS. DADA MERA DOST MAHOMED AND AN. THER.

Mr. Macpherson, instructed by Messrs. Crawford and Bowrey for the plaintiff, said the suit was brought to recover the balance due from defendants on account of monies lent and advanced. On the 6th November 1878, Rs. 4,500 were lent on the security of fifteen shares in New Emerald Spinning and W. Company, of which two were afterwards sold at defendants' request. A payment had been made on account of the loan. The Court gave a decree for plaintiff for Rs. 2,168, with interest and costs.

THOMAS FISHER PUNNETT VS. ABDOOL RAHMAN ISMAIL.

Mr. Macpherson, instructed by Messrs. Prescot and Winter for the plaintiff, said the suit was brought to recover Rs. 1,883, the balance due on an account between the parties. The defendant admitted the debt, but produced an extract from his schedule filed in the Insolvency Court. A decree was given for plaintiff for Rs. 1,838, with interest and costs, with a stay of execution until the 5th March next.

THE IMPERIAL COTTON PRESS COMPANY VS. DINSHAW HORMUSJEE AND CO.

Mr. Vicajee, instructed by Messrs. Janardhun and Gandibhoy, said the defendants, auctioneers, were employed by the plaintiffs, the liquidators of the Imperial Cotton Press Company, to sell the machinery, plant, and other property of the company. It was sold for Rs. 37,631, which, after deducting the defendants' agency at 5 per cent., left a net amount of Rs. 37 442. Defendants had paid Rs. 36,144 and Rs. 1,297-15-7 were now due. The Court gave a decree for the balance claimed, with interest and costs.

THE MAZAGON S. AND W. COMPANY VS. KESSOWJEE NAIK.

There was no appearance for either party, and the case was dismissed.

MEETING OF THE TOWN COUNCIL.

The weekly meeting of the Council was held yesterday at the Municipal offices, when there were present:—Dr. Thomas Blaney, chairman; Sir Frank Souter, Kt., C.S.I.; Messrs. Charles Douglas, T. B. Kirkham, the Honble Dossabhoy Framjee, C. S. I., Messrs. Rahimtoola M. Sayani, Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Raghunath N. Khote, Nowrojee Furdonjee, Muncherjee N. Banajee and Fazulbhoy C. Gangjee.

Vehar water for Bombay volunteers.

The chairman read a memorandum from the Commissioner recommending that the water supplied to the Government building now in the occupation of the Bombay Volunteers as their head quarters might be charged at the rate of eight annas per 1,000 gallons, being at the same rate as the water supplied to other regimental head quarters in the city.

Mr. Kirkham enquired if the Commissioner could not undertake to do the work departmentally, remarking that he believed Bombay undrained would be better than Bombay badly drained.

The chairman expressed his belief that Mr. Walton, with the well-paid staff he had under him, could make a far better system of drainage for them than either Mr. Glover, Mr. Bulkley, or any one else. If he was put upon his mettle, he would no doubt be able to make a name for himself. He (the chairman) did not see why the work should not be done departmentally.

Mr. Raghunath said he should not allow to pass unnoticed Mr. Kirkham's remark that the Council found Mr. Glover's figures within the grant and yet rejected his tender. He must say his ground for rejecting it was that it was financially impracticable.

The chairman said he could, in justice to Mr. Bulkley mention that certain works had been done by him—the which was perhaps the toughest work in rock he had ever seen—were up to this day found to be perfect; and that they were, in his opinion, a credit to him as an engineer.

The Commissioner mentioned that Mr. Bulkley was some years ago employed on the London Drainage works.

On the motion of Mr. Dossabhoy, seconded by Mr. Kirkham, the matter was referred to the Works Committee for their report.

THE SUIT TO SET ASIDE THE TRUST DEED OF W. NICOL AND CO.

THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION AND OTHERS VS. W. NICOL AND CO. AND OTHERS.

The hearing of the case was continued before Sir Charles Sargent at the High Court yesterday. Mr. Macpherson and Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, appeared for the plaintiffs and the first three defendants, namely, Messrs. Fleming, McIlwraith, and Nicol. The Advocate General and Mr. Latham, instructed by Messrs. Rimington, Hore, and Conroy, appeared for the last four defendants, namely, Messrs Maxwell and Hall, and the trustees, Messrs. Macaulay and Moore.

Mr. Maxwell's cross-examination by Mr. Macpherson was continued:—I think your last answer was that it was possible you might be mistaken as to what occurred at the interviews? Yes.

The Judge—The last answer I have taken down is Mr. Maxwell's explanation.

Mr. Macpherson—That was not an answer, my Lord. And you say your memory is generally better when your mind is agitated? When I am agitated I do not think your memory is more retentive as to matters which take place when you are agitated? Yes.—You never made any memorandum of what occurred at these interviews, did you? Yes.—Where? In my diary as I sat in the office. You then did you make that memorandum? On the 16th October.

Mr. Macpherson—I should like to see that if you will send for it.

Further cross-examined.—Was that memorandum made before or after Mr. Robertson had told you that he repudiated his signature? After.—Was it made before or after you received the written repudiation (exhibit "J") from Mr. Robertson? After.—Immediately after? I should say about an hour or two hours afterwards.—In exhibit "J" you are aware that Mr. Robertson says as follows:—"You will recollect that when you came to me to obtain my signature I was immersed in small business and signed the deed at your earnest request under the impression that it contained, merely an assignment of your whole estate to the trustees?" Yes.—When you received that letter did you or did you not admit in your own mind that that was a correct statement of which was in practice in the office of the Executive Engineer. It became an important question whether the Municipal revenue suffered from the alleged laxity.

Mr. Nowrojee said the verdict of the jury cast a reflection on the administration of the Executive Engineer's Department; and he thought a report on the subject should be invited from the Commissioner.

Sir Frank Souter—I suppose the Commissioner knows whether any laxity exists.

The chairman remarked that, if it was a fact that there was a state of demoralisation in the keeping of the accounts of the Executive Engineer, it was the duty of the Commissioner laying the Budget before the Corporation; and he thought some enquiry should be made into the matter.

Mr. Raghunath was of opinion that the verdict of the jury should not be overlooked.

The chairman said that in some instances the opinions of juries—especially opinions given when they were not asked for—were simply worthless. They knew what juries were in some cases; and he urged that such opinions should not be made the groundwork for disparaging remarks. They could not assume a laxity prevailed because the jury thought so. As far as the verdict was concerned it was all right; but it would be noticed that the learned judge did not go with the jury in their remarks respecting the alleged laxity in the system of accounts.

Mr. Kirkham argued that the verdict of a jury was a public deliverance, and should be taken up and dealt with as such. They might ask for a report from the Commissioner, and could satisfy themselves that the Municipal revenue did not suffer.

The Commissioner asked for a short delay. He himself intended to bring the matter before the Council in connection with Narayen Gopoji's reinstatement in the Government service. On the motion of Mr. Kirkham, seconded by Mr. Sayani, it was resolved that the Commissioner be requested to furnish information as to the alleged laxity in the office of the Executive Engineer.

The new municipal building.

Before the next matter was taken into hand, Mr. Nowrojee asked the Commissioner if the plans and specifications for the new Municipal building had been submitted to His Excellency the Governor.

The Commissioner was understood to say that the plans had not yet been submitted, but that His Excellency was prepared to receive a formal application from the Corporation.

The chairman expressed his intention of giving a notice to the Clerk to the Corporation to the effect that he would bring forward a motion on the subject at the next meeting of the Corporation.

The drainage tenders.

The chairman said the next matter was a letter from the Commissioner stating that, with the consent of the Council, he proposed to accept the tender of Messrs. Bulkley and Co. for the proposed Drainage works. The letter is as follows:—

To the Secretary, Town Council.

Sir,—A majority of the Town Council not having consented to the acceptance of Messrs. Glover and Company's tender for the construction of the Drainage Works as proposed in my letter No. 345 of 14th January 1879, I have the honour to state that I now propose to accept, with the consent of the Town Council, the tender of Messrs. Bulkley and Co., the total figures of which are as follows:—

A.—Main sewer with all subsidiary works. B.—Pipe sewers with do. as per detailed quantities, &c.	Rs. 9,89,780
Deduct anticipated receipts from brickworks, royalty at Rs. 8 per 1,000 and from purchase of bricks at Rs. 10 per 1,000	25,920
Total	Rs. 9,63,860
D.—On fall sewer detailed drawing, specification, and quantities	Rs. 2,57 000
Total	Rs. 12 20,860

But the receipt from the brickworks should, I think be credited to the Municipal Fund and not to the Drainage loan. The total amount of the tender would thus be added Rs. 1,50,000, the estimate for cast iron pipes, and machinery for the new pumping station. All of which I propose to obtain direct from the manufacturers in England.

The amount of 17 lakhs loan sanctioned by the Corporation of the deducting cost of establishment, discount on loan, banking charges, &c., is Rs. 15,36,838.

The amount to be raised by the present loan, if Messrs. Bulkley and Co.'s tender be accepted:—

Amount of tender	Rs. 12,46,780
Pumps, machinery, &c	1,20,000
Establishment, discount on loan, &c.	2,74,372
	16,70,152

Deduct the above amount from the loan of 17 lakhs, there will be a balance in hand of Rs. 29,848, and the whole of the work included in Sections A, B, and D, will be provided for in accordance with the original estimates.

Mr. Bulkley, who is now employed temporarily in the Engineer's Department of the Municipality will, of course, resign his appointment if the tender is accepted.—I have, &c.,

J. H. Grant,
Municipal Commissioner.

Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay, Feb. 26.

Mr. Nowrojee was of opinion that the figures should be carefully looked into, and he suggested a reference on the subject to the Works Committee.

The Commissioner—It will be a mere waste of time.

Mr. Nowrojee said that could not be helped. It was an important matter and required a careful investigation.

Mr. Raghoonath said he had not gone into the figures, but he noticed that there was an excess of Rs. 57,000 on the cost of cast-iron. The former amount was put down at Rs. 3,50,000: it now stood at Rs. 4,07,000.

Mr. Walton was understood to say that he had got information from England that the cost of the pumps would be much more than he had thought it would be. Mr. Sayani agreed in the opinion that the matter should be referred to the Works Committee. Reading from a section of the Municipal Act, he said that, although the tender of Messrs. Bulkley and Co. was received after the time and was not one of the tenders which were placed before the Commissioner, it was still within the power of the Council to allow the Commissioner to bring it before them after giving their reasons for so doing.

The Commissioner—The tender came five days after the time.

Mr. Nanabhoy—It was not among your papers when you considered the other tenders?

The Commissioner—I did consider it.

Mr. Sayani said his impression was that it was not brought before the Council.

Mr. Raghunath said that the opening of the tender and the receipt of the deposit established the fact that the Commissioner had received the tender. The Commissioner observed that a deposit was received and was held in the Municipal office.

Mr. Nanabhoy—Then the deposit has been lying in your office ever since?

The Commissioner said it was so. He observed that the matter came to this—he would accept this tender or none. He would not propose any other.

Mr. Raghunath said he agreed with the Commissioner that this was a tender which commended itself to their consideration if not their acceptance. He suggested that the decision on the question be deferred until the next meeting.

Mr. Nowrojee asked, if the Commissioner could give a distinct assurance—a guarantee—that, if the tender was accepted, the work would be thoroughly done. He (Mr. Nowrojee) did not see such a guarantee given.

The Chairman—It is an important question.

The Commissioner said all he did was to recommend the tender for the Council's acceptance.

Mr. Raghunath—Do you say that the work would be as well done as it would have been under Mr. Glover's contract?

Mr. Dossabhoy—The Commissioner considers it to be the next best tender.

Mr. Nowrojee—That was not an answer, my Lord. And you say your memory is generally better when your mind is agitated? When I am agitated I do not think your memory is more retentive as to matters which take place when you are agitated? Yes.—You never made any memorandum of what occurred at these interviews, did you? Yes.—Where? In my diary as I sat in the office. You then did you make that memorandum? On the 16th October.

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The Commissioner asked for a short delay. He himself intended to bring the matter before the Council in connection with Narayen Gopoji's reinstatement in the Government service. On the motion of Mr. Kirkham, seconded by Mr.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS,

HEAD OFFICE,
PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL.....$3,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£300,000

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
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HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID UP CAPITAL.....Dollars 5,000,000
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HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and Interest allowed: Fixed Deposits received on the following terms, viz.:—
Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal. Interest at 5 per cent. per annum.
6 do. do. do. 4 do. do.
For shorter periods special arrangements can be made on terms to be ascertained on application.
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GEO E. NOBLE,
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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
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SALE OF TEAK BOARD AND SCANTLINGS.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 27th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tank and Prere Bunders by order of Messrs. Sir Charles Forbes and Co.
On account and at the risk of Noor Mahomed Abdool Rahiman
596 Teak Scantlings about 18½ tons.
On account and at the risk of Abdool Rahiman Dada.
About 33½ tons teak scantlings, 6 by 1 and 2 by 1/2.
Also, on another account.
About 25 tons teak planks in small lots to suit purchaser.

AUCTION SALE OF BOOKS.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms in Marine Street, Fort, a large collection of books on Theology, Science, and general literature, being the library of a gentleman leaving his station for the Himalayas. The sale will take place on the 1st of March next at 2 p.m., in the order of numbers in catalogues which are ready and which can be had on application to the Auctioneers and the books are now on view.

BARR COTTAGE AT MALHERAN FOR SALE.

By order of the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Mr. C. L. Yeats, an insolvent, and with the concurrence of the Official Assignee the above property, beautifully situated, will be sold by Public Auction by Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., at their rooms on TUESDAY, the 4th March at 4 p.m.
Full particulars will be given hereafter.

On TUESDAY, the 4th March, sale commencing at 4 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No 185, Tarwares Road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome household furniture, best plated, glass and porcelain wares, and unless previously disposed of, a serviceable double seated Brougham by W King and Co, of Long Acre, with a strong Bay Australian horse and harness, rare and valuable plants in tubs and pots, &c, the property of Pryce Weedon, Esq.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.
N B.—The plants will be sold in the morning at 6-30;

On WEDNESDAY, the 5th March, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Chinchpoogly Hill, near the Manchester Spinning and Weaving Mills, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated, glass and porcelain ware, &c., the property of H. A. Richardson, Esq.
Full particulars will appear hereafter.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

SALE OF TEAK SCANTLINGS.

On SATURDAY, the 8th March at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Tank Bunder, in the premises of the Bombay Saw Mills Company, Limited,
A quantity of millsawn timber of various sizes suitable for many varieties of work in small lots to suit the requirements of purchasers.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by public Auction on SATURDAY, the 15th day of March next, by order of the Mortgagee Thacker Dayal Bhimjee and on account and at the risk of Meerza Fassum Khan bin Meerza Ali Akbar Khan and Meerza Hossein Khan bin Meerza Ali Akbar Khan and the estate of the late Meerza Ali Akbar Khan Moonshee Bahadoor, the undermentioned properties hereinafter firstly and secondly described in one lot and the property thirdly described in another lot in pursuance of the power of sale given in the Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the 9th day of May 1877.
Firstly, at 4 p. m.—All that piece or parcel of Fazandaree land or ground with the several messuages, tenements, range of buildings or chawl with the dwelling-house or hereditaments and premises, out houses, and shed standing thereon, situate within the town of Bombay, at Oomercarry Packady, on the north side of the Jail road, in the subdistrict of Mandvee, and bounded on the east by the properties of Meerza Ali Moonshee, on the west partly by the property of Allajee Buttonsi, and partly by the property secondly hereinafter described, on the north by a public passage, and on the south by the Jail Road, formerly in the occupation of Succaram Kondajee and others, and now in the occupation of Joseph Louis Alvares and Durmoo Gowlee, admeasuring 2 59 square yards or thereabouts, assessed under No. 123.
Secondly.—All that vacant piece of ground whereon formerly stood the Humam Khana or bathing place in the town of Bombay, situate on the east side of Baboola Tank Lane, in the subdistrict of Mandvee, admeasuring 578 and six-ninths of a square yard, bounded on the property firs by hereinbefore described, on the west by the aforesaid Baboola Tank Lane, on the north by a passage, and on the south by the property of Allajee Buttonsi, assessed under No. 120.
Thirdly, at 5 p.m.—All that piece of ground with the dwelling house or range of buildings standing thereon, situate in the town of Bombay, on the west side of Oomercarry Road, in the subdistrict of Mandvee admeasuring 616 square yard or thereabouts, registered under No. and assessed under No 8, bounded on the east by the Oomercarry Road, on the west by the stable and the vacant ground formerly belonging to Ally Mahomed Khan, on the north by the New Imamwada, formerly belonging to the said Ally Mahomed Khan, and on the south by the Mahomedan burial ground, formerly in the occupation of the said Syed Mahomed Aga Mahomed Hossein and Rahimut Cebee, and are now in the occupation of the said Syed Mahomed and Aga Mahomed Hossein.
For further particulars and conditions of said application may be made to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 25th February 1879.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 4, FORBES STREET.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Gamdavis Road, Chowpatty, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French polished, carved, Madras pattern, household furniture, plated, glass and porcelain ware a handsome Madras built victoria, with handsome fast-trotting Pegu pony and harness, (if not previously disposed of by private sale,) &c, &c, the property of W. A. Crispe, Esq. the same comprises rich, plain cut glassware, handsome dinner, dessert and tea services, best plated ware, such as a pair of curry dishes, cruet-stand, ice pitcher, a set of spoons and forks, fish knives and forks, cutlery, magical lantern, one single barrel breach loading gun fire fowling piece by Holland, &c., handsome blackwood richly carved furniture, such as a set of dining table in 4 pieces for 12 persons, side board, Madras and mallet pattern arm chairs, whatnots, handsome circular, pier, oblong, side and writing tables, easy, folding, and drawing room chairs, conversation and reclining couches, chiffoniers, 1, 2 and 3 lights hanging sprand lamps, by "Nash," rich Brussel carpet, pictures, iron four post bedsteads, camp cots, dressing and washing tables, clothes and gown presses, chest of drawers, towel horses, dispense articles, cooking utensils, &c.

AT 1 P. M.

1 elegant Madras built pony Victoria phaeton,
1 handsome dappled-grey Pegu pony, 5 years old.
1 gentleman's saddle by "Peat," sets of harness.
Catalogues are published and the property is now on view,
Also the property of another gentleman, a strong handsome chestnut horse with dog-cart complete in good condition.

On SATURDAY, the 1st March, at 1 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome household furniture, plated, glass, and porcelain ware, horses, carriages, plants, &c., the property of H. A. Richardson, Esq.
Full particulars will appear hereafter.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

On FRIDAY, the 28th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood French polished, carved household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a small slate billiard table, sewing machine, one English-built mail-phaeton by Laurie and Marner one English-built circular glass fronted miniature brougham by Kesterton, of Long Acre, one powerful grey Arab horse, one Jaffrabad cow and calf, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c., the property of M. MOWAT, Esq. The same comprises rich fern pattern glassware, handsome dinner, dessert and tea services, best electro-plateware, such as dish covers, curry dishes, cruet, pickle, liquor and egg stands, ice pitcher, tea set, salvers, biscuit box bread basket, a set of spoons and forks for 12 persons, table, piano and chamber candlesticks, cutlery, &c., handsome blackwood and teakwood well-seasoned French polished furniture, such as a set of dining table in 4 pieces sideboard, dumb waiter, mallet-pattern, arm chairs, handsome richly carved circular, oblong, pier, side, sofa card, writing and whatnots with marble tops, tables, easy folding reclining and drawing-room chairs, conversation sofas, a mahogany small slate billiard-table chairs, rich Brussel carpets, flower vases, table ornaments, iron and blackwood four-post bedsteads, reclining couches, dressing and washing tables, with marble tops; dressing and shaving glasses, clothes and gown presses, almirah with plate glass door, iron baba's cots, chest of drawers, dispense articles, cooking utensils, a fine collection of choice and rare of plants, &c.

AT 1 P.M.

1 English-built mail phaeton by Laurie and Marner.
1 do do circular glass fronted miniature brougham by Kesterton, of Long Acre.
1 Grey Arab horse, goes in single and double harness.
1 Bay do do do.
Catalogues are published, and the property is now on view.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 26th February 1879.

S. SHRICRISTNAJEE AND COMPANY.

SALE OF SHARES.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, Messrs. S. SHRICRISTNAJEE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Share Bazar at 2 p.m., by order of Canjee Girdher, and on account and at the risk of the first purchaser, Dhurmsey Mooljee Panwalla,
1 Share of Nursey Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, No. 1540.
1 Share of New Fleming Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, No. 701.

S. SHRICRISTNAJEE & Co.
Bombay, 26th February 1879.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,

OF LONDON, BORDEAUX, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, AND LAHORE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1815.

REVISED PRICES.

PATRONS.

H. M. THE QUEEN, EMPRESS OF INDIA.

THE ADMIRALTY.

THE OWNERS OF THE UNDERMENTIONED STEAMERS.

s.s. WHAMPOA.	s.s. GLENFINLAS.	s.s. GLENFALLOCH.	s.s. GLENGYLE.
s.s. ST. OSYTH.	s.s. GLENEAGLES.	s.s. GLENROY.	s.s. GLENIFFER.
s.s. NANKIN.	s.s. GLENARTNEY.	s.s. GLENORCHY.	s.s. GLENCOE.
s.s. HANKOW.	s.s. GLENEARN.	s.s. GLENLYON.	s.s. STATE OF ALABAMA.
s.s. DUKE OF LANCASTER.	s.s. DUKE OF SUTHERLAND	s.s. LOUDON CASTLE.	s.s. BRAEMAR CASTLE.
s.s. GORDON CASTLE.			

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

Many Regimental Messes, as also the undermentioned Club Houses, &c., &c.

The BOMBAY.	The LUCKNOW UNITED SERVICE.	The SIRHIND.	The TUTICORIN.
The REFORM.	The FUTEHGARH.	The ARAKAN.	The KAMGAUM.
The ATHENÆUM.	The NYNEE TAL.	The TIRHOOT PLANTERS.	The SECUNDERABAD.
The BENGAL UNITED SERVICE.	The HIMALAYA.	The DIBOUGARH.	The COOMRAWATTEE.
			The RUTNAGHERY.

LONDON OFFICES:—5, ADELPHI TERRACE, W. C., AND 3, NEW LONDON STREET, E. C.
BORDEAUX HOUSE:—PLACE DU CHAMP DE MARS. | LAHORE HOUSE:—BEAU FARE, UPPER MALL.
CALCUTTA HOUSE:—10, HARE STREET, CALCUTTA. | MADRAS HOUSE:—BENTINCK'S BUILDINGS.

MEMO. OF TERMS.
(Our Quotations throughout are duty paid.)
An Order for Five Cases, accompanied by Cash, carries 10 per Cent. Discount off BOND VALUE of Credit Prices.
3 months' Credit, without Discount, to approved Buyers.
Special Terms to Messes, Clubs, and Co-operative Societies.
Single dozen Orders subject to 5 per Cent. for Cash off Bond Value of Credit Prices.

NOTE.—Forwarding Charges are added. We guarantee each case to contain its full complement of bottles when despatched, and agree to take back or exchange any Wine that may not be approved of on arrival but not afterwards.

☞ *N.B.—Mofussil constituents are requested, before taking delivery of their Goods, to see that the weight agrees with the Railway receipt.*

We do not supply less than one dozen quarts or two dozen pints.

LOCAL AGENTS FOR SINGLE BOTTLES.

Mr. JAMES PEARSE, Apollo Street; Mr. EDULJEE PALLONJEE, Bora Bazar Street.
Mr. JAMSETJEE NOWROJEE, Poydoni.
Mr. DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE COOMRIGUR, Crawford Market.
Mr. BHICAJEE DADABHOY DHUMDADUNA, 66, Cumballa Hill.

CASH. Per 1 dozen Quarts or 2 dozen Pints. Duties Paid. Qts. Rs. a.	Pts. Rs. a.	BORDEAUX—Red. In Bottle.	CREDIT Per 1 dozen Quarts or 2 dozen Pints. Duties Paid. Qts. Rs. a.	Pts. Rs. a.
33 8	35 4	CHATEAU LAFITE or MOUTON	32 0	37 8
28 4	30 0	,, RAUZAN	29 8	31 8
25 4	27 4	,, PALMER	26 8	28 0
22 0	24 0	,, LA ROSE	23 0	25 0
19 4	21 0	ST. JULIEN	20 0	22 8
16 12	18 12	CANTENAC	17 8	19 8
15 0	16 12	ST. ESTEPHE, a favourite	15 8	17 0
12 8	14 8	PETIT MEDOC, excellent for Breakfast	13 0	15 8
12 0	14 0	PAUILLAC do. for Cup	12 8	14 0
46 Gals. Hhds. Rs. a.		CLARET IN WOOD.		46 Gals. Hhds. Rs. a.
270 0		ST. JULIEN		293 0
236 0		CANTENAC		256 0
190 0		ST. ESTEPHE		205 0
137 0		MEDOC		146 0

Of these we keep no stock, but import to order.

Qts. Rs. a.	Pts. Rs. a.	BORDEAUX—White.	Qts. Rs. a.	Pts. Rs. a.
24 0	25 12	HAUT SAUTERNES, delicate flavour, Red	25 0	27 0
19 4	21 0	SAUTERNE (Barsac) light, white capsule	20 0	22 0
15 8	...	GRAVES	16 0	...
		BURGUNDY—Red.		
33 0	34 12	CHAMBERTIN, the *elite* of Burgundies	34 8	36 8
26 12	28 12	NUITS or CORTON, high class Wine	28 0	30 0
22 8	24 4	VOLNAY, strongly recommended	23 8	25 8
19 4	...	BEAUNE, soft delicate flavour	20 0	...
40 4	41 8	SPARKLING Red Burgundy	41 8	43 8
		BURGUNDY—White.		
26 12	28 12	CHABLIS, La Moutonne, superior	28 0	30 0
17 12	19 12	CHABLIS, light, pleasant Wine	18 8	20 8
19 4	...	VERMOUTH	20 0	...

Per Doz. Qts. Rs. a.	SHERRY.	Per Doz. Qts. Rs. a.
	We call special attention to these—	
38 12	AMONTILLADO A 1, rare, old ..... gold seal	40 8
36 12	AMONTILLADO, choice and superior ..... black seal	38 8
27 4	MONTILLA, extra pale and very dry ..... black seal	28 8
28 4	AMOROSO, full flavoured, soft, pale ..... black seal	29 8
25 4	VINO PURO, very pale, dry ..... blue seal	26 8
24 0	GLOROSO, nutty and dry ..... green seal	25 0
22 0	MANZANILLA ..... red seal	23 0
21 0	PALE, dry medium ..... yellow seal	22 0
20 0	VINO DE PASTO, remarkably pale and very dry ..... pink seal	21 0
16 12	A GOOD DINNER WINE ..... white seal	17 8
16 12	MARSALA, VIRGIN, pale, fine flavour ..... yellow seal	17 8
37 12	MADEIRA, E. I., very superior ..... black seal	39 8
32 8	MADEIRA, excellent Wine ..... red seal	34 0

SHERRY IN WOOD AND JARS.

CASH. 4 Gals. Per Jar. Rs. a.	13½ Gals. Octaves. Rs. a.	27 Gals. Quarter Cask. Rs. a.	54 Gals. Hhds. Rs. a.		CREDIT. 4 Gals. Per Jar. Rs.	13½ Gals. Octaves. Rs.	27 Gals. Quarter Cask. Rs.	54 Gals Hhds Rs.
42 4	124 0	241 0	472 0	Vino Puro	44	136	264	517
38 4	113 0	216 0	424 0	Manzanilla	40	123	236	463
35 8	103 4	200 4	387 12	Yellow Seal	37	113	217	420
34 8	94 4	189 4	351 12	Vino de Pasto	36	102	195	380
32 12	79 12	151 8	297 12	White Seal	34	86	163	320

The Quarter Casks, Octaves and Jars are very convenient for Families, and will be found most economical.
Wood Taps or Plated Taps for Jars Rs. 1-8 or Rs. 4 extra.

Qts. Rs. a.	Pts. Rs. a.	CHAMPAGNE.	Qts. Rs. a.	Pts. Rs. a.
54 0	...	WACHTER'S "Prince of Wales'" Plume "Extra Dry" so labelled	53 8	56 8
50 4	53 0	FINEST EXTRA DRY, a Grand Wine	52 8	55 8
31 8	...	WACHTER'S "Prince of Wales" per hamper of 24 half-pints	33 0	...
43 0	45 12	FINE DRY SPARKLING	45 0	48 0
32 12	34 8	CARTE BLANCHE (Sibadev's) light, particularly dry	34 0	36 0
25 8	...	FINEST SPARKLING SAUMUR	26 8	...
		SPARKLING GERMAN WINES.		
43 0	45 0	HOCK, NONPAREIL, extra quality, medium dry	45 0	47 0
32 8	34 8	HOCK, SPARKLING RUDESHEIMER, very choice	34 0	36 0
...	...	HOCK, excellent Wine	33 0	...
43 0	45 0	MOSELLE, NONPAREIL (extra quality)	45 0	47 0
32 8	34 8	MOSELLE, MUSCATEL (very choice)	34 0	36 0
30 12	...	MOSELLE, excellent Wine	32 0	...
		STILL GERMAN WINES.		
48 8	50 8	HOCK, JOHANNISBERGER, superior	51 0	53 0
40 8	...	,, MARCOBRUNNER	42 8	...
33 12	...	LIEBFRAUMILCH	35 8	...
29 8	31 8	HOCK, RUDESHEIMER, mellow	31 0	33 0
24 4	26 4	,, HOCHHEIMER, fine flavoured	25 8	27 8
19 4	21 0	,, LAUBENHEIMER, light, refreshing	20 0	22 0
25 12	27 12	RED HOCK, ASSMANHAUSER	27 0	29 0
30 0	...	STEIN-WEIN in BOCKSBEUTEL, most pleasing Wine	31 8	...
30 8	32 8	MOSELLE, BRAUNBERGER, delicate superior flavour	32 0	34 0
		PORT.		
36 4	...	OLD CRUSTED, very choice (some years in bottle)	38 0	...
26 4	28 4	INVALID'S full-bodied, gold Capsule	27 8	29 8
22 0	23 0	DESSERT WINE, superior black seal, soft and mature	23 0	24 0
19 4	21 0	AN EXCELLENT WINE, red seal	20 0	22 0
23 0	...	St. MARTIN'S MALAGA, SACRAMENTAL WINE	24 0	...

CUTLER, PALMER'S COGNAC AND OTHER SPIRITS.

Duty paid prices are :—

Per doz. Rs. a.			Per doz. Rs. a.
26 0	Blue Capsule, a capital peg brandy	*	27 0
14 0	,, in Flasks		14 8
8 8	,, Half Flasks		8 12
18 0	White Capsule, delicate flavour	**	29 0
25 0	,, in Flasks		15 8
31 12	Yellow Capsule, fine old, soft pale	***	33 0
16 4	,, in Flasks		16 12
34 12	Black Capsule, superior old, pale	****	36 0
18 4	,, in Flasks		19 0
45 4	Black Capsule, extra superior, rare old		47 0
22 4	RUM, the finest old Jamaica		23 0
26 0	,, fine "Pineapple"		27 0
20 8	GIN, London Old Tom, first quality		21 0
22 4	FIELD'S GIN		23 0
22 4	WHISKY, Scotch, fine old extra quality		23 0
23 4	,, Irish and Scotch, fine, old, pure		24 0
26 0	GENEVA, in flasks, the best		27 0
18 0	SCHNAPPS SCHIEDAM AROMATIC, Anti-Dyspeptic Cordial		18 8

CASH. Per Gal. Without Jar. Rs. a.	CUTLER, PALMER'S COGNAC IN JARS.	CREDIT. Per Gal. Without Jar. Rs. a.
14 8	Cognac, * * * *	15 0
12 8	,, * * *	13 0
10 12	,, * *	11 0
10 0	,, *	10 4

The Jars can be returned for re-filing. An allowance of price for the Jar will be made, deducting all outlay for carriage to godown.

Empty Jars 1 Gal. .....Rs. 2 0 each.
Do. do. 2 ,, ... ,, 3 0 ,,
Do. do. 4 ,, ... ,, 4 0 ,,
Wood Taps Rs. 1-8 each. Plated Taps Rs. 4 each.

CASH. Qts. Rs. a.	Pts. Rs. a.	LIQUEURS.	CREDIT. Qts. Rs. a.	Pts. Rs. a.
49 0	51 0	CURACAO, Amsterdam, Orange and White	51 0	53 4
7 0	...	CHARTREUSE GREEN, per Bottle	7 4	...
6 0	...	Do. YELLOW ,,	6 4	...
51 4	55 0	MARASCHINO DE ZARA, best	53 8	57 8
7 8	...	NOYEAU DE MARTINIQUE	49 8	...
37 0	...	CREME DE NOYEAU	38 8	...
38 12	40 12	CHERRY BRANDY, best Copenhagen	40 8	42 8
20 8	...	ORANGE BITTERS, best	21 0	...
30 12	...	"KILL THE CROW" BITTERS	32 0	...
...	27 8	ASSORTED LIQUEURS, Choice	...	28 8

January, 1879.

THORPE & CO.,

MASONIC CLOTHIERS AND JEWELLERS.

T. & Co. have now a large supply of MASONIC KIT on hand.

Master Masons' Aprons, English Constitution, Blue	Rs.	15 0
Do. do. Scotch Constitution, Red	,,	16 0
Leather Cases for do.	,,	3 0
Royal Arch Companions' Apron and Sash	,,	30 0
Do. Principal's Apron and Sash	,,	33 0
Leather Case for do.	,,	3 0

ROYAL ORDER APRONS AND SASHES.

18th Degree Aprons, Collars, Jewels, Swords, Belts, Cloaks, &c.
30th Degree Sashes, Eagles, Swords, Belts, Cloaks, Caps, &c.

LODGE KIT.

Working Tools, Wardens' Columns, Ballot Boxes, Jewels, Squares, Collar Jewels.
3rd Degree Lamp, &c.

ESTIMATE GIVEN FOR LODGE KIT COMPLETE.

THORPE AND COMPANY,

CIVIL, NAVAL AND MILITARY TAILORS,
MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

MRS. LAKE,

MILLINER, DRESS-MAKER, SILK-MERCER, AND LADIES' OUTFITTER.
CONSTANT SUPPLIES OF MILLINERY, &c., RECEIVED "OVERLAND."

BALL DRESSES.
Gold, Silver, and Coloured Flowers for Ball Dresses.
Fancy Silver Gauze for Ball Dresses.
Fancy Spangled Tulles and Gold Laces.
Satinette Scarves and Floral Ribbons.

GLOVES.
Best French Gloves for Ladies and Gentlemen.

WHITE, BLACK AND COLOURED SILK GLOVES.
An Early Inspection is Respectfully Solicited.

WEDDING and MOURNING Orders carefully and promptly attended to.
Estimates supplied for "WEDDING TROUSSEAUX."
Do. Do. for "MOURNING."
Price Lists on application.
Orders from Out-stations should be accompanied by a Remittance, or reference for Payment in Bombay.

MRS. LAKE,
UXBRIDGE HOUSE,
No. 7, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

J. NEUBERG,

5, MEADOW STREET.

TOBACCOS.

NEUBERG'S "GOLDEN BLOCK" MIXTURE,
MANUFACTURED DAILY.
Per 1 lb. Tin—Rs. 3-4 | Per ½ lb. Tin—Rs. 1-12.

NEUBERG'S GOLDEN SHAG.
Highly recommended, possessing within itself the delicate aroma of Golden Leaf, and the pleasent fulness of Virginia.
Rs. 2 per ½ lb. Packet.

NEUBERG'S VIRGINIAN HONEY DEW,
Recommended to those who enjoy a pleasant full-flavoured smoke,
"AN OLD SMOKER'S CHOICE."
Rs. 2 per ½ lb. Packet.

WILL'S BEST BRISTOL BIRD'S EYE.
Rs. 1 per ¼ lb. Tin.

REAL TURKISH TOBACCO.
From Rs. 5 to 10 per lb.

J. NEUBERG,
MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR PRESENTS.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS & CO.,

WATCHMAKERS. JEWELLERS. OPTICIANS, AND ENGRAVERS.

BOMBAY: 2, HUMMUM STREET. POONA: 1, EAST STREET.

BEG to draw attention to their NEW and FRESH STOCK of GOODS just unpacked, suitable for presentation.

LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S WATCHES.
BEST LONDON AND INDIAN JEWELLERY.
TRAVELLING AND OFFICE CLOCKS.
MUSICAL BOXES AND SINGING BIRDS.
A COMPLETE STOCK OF SPECTACLES.

Repairs executed with care and expedition.

C. MARCKS & CO.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO.,

HOSIERS, SHIRT-MAKERS, HATTERS AND OUTFITTERS.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

BADHAM, PILE & COMPANY beg to announce fresh and extensive supplies in this branch, and in submitting the following Price List, beg to say that this department is replenished only from the best known English Makers, thus ensuring fast colours and satisfactory wear :—

LADIES' HOSIERY.

White Cotton Hose (fashioned)	Rs.	12	8 to 20	0 doz.
,, Lisle Thread Hose	,,	20	0 to 28	8 ,,
Black Lisle	,,	3	0 & 4	0 pair
Fancy Striped Cotton	,,	20	0 to 38	0 doz.
,, ,, Thread	,,	20	0 to 35	0 ,,
Thick Merino Hose	,,	1	4 to 5	12 pair
Merino and Gauze Vests	,,	4	8 to 6	8 each
Ladies' Cardigan Jackets	,,	7	8 to 10	8 ,,

CHILDREN'S AND INFANTS' HOSIERY IN GREAT VARIETY.

GENTLEMEN'S HOSIERY.

Striped Balbriggan ½ Hose	Rs.	12	0 to 25	0 doz.
,, Thread	,,	15	8 to 30	0 ,,
Plain Balbriggan or Unbleached Cotton	,,	8	8 to 35	0 ,,
Brown Thread	,,	15	8 to 20	0 ,,
Pure Silk ½ Hose Fancy Colours and Black	,,	8	8 to 9	8 pair
Spun Silk Black Embroidered colours	,,	6	0	,,
Plain Coloured Merino	,,	18	8 to 35	0 doz.
Fancy Striped ,,	,,	18	8 to 35	0 ,,
Merino and Gauze Vests	,,	2	8 to 8	8 ,,
Thick Grey Merino Vests	,,	8	8	each
,, ,, Pants	,,	9	0	,,
Cardigan Jackets in Brown, Navy Blue and Black	,,	10	8 to 12	8 ,,
Football, Polo and Racket Jerseys and Boating Sweaters	,,	6	8 to 8	8 each

10 per cent. discount allowed for prompt Cash.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO.,

RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

ESTABLISHED 1820.

(By Appointment)

C. LAZARUS & CO.,

(INCORPORATED WITH SHEARWOOD AND CO.)

CABINET MAKERS, UPHOLSTERERS, BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS, & GENERAL FURNISHING CONTRACTORS.

58, 59, 60, & 61 BENTINCK STREET, & 2, DALHOUSIE SQUARE, CALCUTTA.
SOUNDY & CO., AGENTS, BOMBAY.

BILLIARD TABLES.

THE undoubted and established superiority of C. L. & Co.'s Billiard Tables is amply proved by the constant and increasing demand for them, showing that they are really the only tables now appreciated in India. This success is due to the steadfast efforts C. L. & Co. have always exerted to supply their constituents with really trustworthy and reliable articles at as moderate a price as is compatible with good workmanship and material. The generous and liberal support extended to C. L. & Co. for upwards of half a century, is sufficient proof that their endeavours to render satisfaction have been appreciated by a critical and discerning public.
While the superiority of C. L. & Co.'s Billiard Tables has been universally admitted in India, yet the difficulties and risks of transport have hitherto prevented their friends in Bombay from largely availing themselves of the undoubted advantages offered by C. L. & Co.
Now, however, C. L. & Co. beg to intimate to their patrons in the Western Presidency, that they have made arrangements which will enable them to offer their Billiard Tables at the same prices in Bombay as in Calcutta. A Branch Agency, under the management of Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., has been established at No. 22, Rampart Row, where Billiard Tables of C. Lazarus & Co.'s manufacture are arranged for sale; and while thanking their constituents for the patronage hitherto extended to their Firm, C. L. & Co. venture to express a hope that, with the increased facilities now offered, their manufactures will be as well known in Bombay as they are already in other parts of India.

BILLIARD CUSHIONS.

C. Lazarus & Co. always keep on hand a large stock of their new and improved COMBINATION EXPRESS Billiard Cushions which can be fitted to any table, the exact length and breadth of the slate-bed being the only information required.
Old Billiard Cushions, if the woodwork is in good condition, can be renewed on the new COMBINATION EXPRESS principle, thereby making an old table as good as new.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

C. Lazarus & Co. guarantee the SAFE ARRIVAL of their Billiard Tables at any Station in India. Should any breakage occur in transit, C. L. & Co. agree to make good the loss without further charge.

BILLIARD LAMPS.

The six-light telescopic lamp, on the duplex principle, to burn kerosine oil, as adapted by C. L. & Co., is the best Billiard lamp ever introduced.
C. L. & Co. have always on hand a large assortment of Billiard, Pool and Pyramid Balls, in Ivory or "Patent Celluloid," Billiard Cloth, of the finest quality only, Cues, Tips, Chalks, Cement and every requisite for the Billiard Room.

C. LAZARUS & CO.,
Bentinck Street, Calcutta.
SOUNDY & Co., Agents, Bombay.

HANBURY & COMPANY,

FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS,
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

ORDERS punctually despatched, Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes accurately dispensed with Pure and Fresh Drugs at Reduced Charges.

HANBURY & COMPANY.

BOURNE AND SHEPHERD,

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No. 10, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.
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